

Portal Acidification Data Layers



MACAN

Mid-Atlantic Coastal Acidification Network

Biological Impacts Graphics



Digital Tools for Managers and Decision-Makers: Portal Acidification Data Layers and Biological Impacts Graphics

Janet J. Reimer, MARCO Science Program Manager
Tuesday, February 24 2026

The Coastal Acidification Networks (CANs)



OCEAN ACIDIFICATION POLICY & MACAN TIMELINE



2009

FOARAM Act

FOARAM Act

Federal Ocean Acidification Research and Monitoring (FORAM) Act enacted.

- Established the **NOAA Ocean Acidification Program (OAP)**.
- Coordinated national monitoring, research, and education on ocean acidification



2016

MACAN Formation

MACAN Formation

Mid-Atlantic Coastal Acidification Network (MACAN) established.

A regional virtual network connecting:

- Scientists
- Resource managers
- Educators
- Industry professionals

Federal, Tribal, state and local governments.



2022

CHIPS & Science Act

CHIPS & Science Act

The **CHIPS and Science Act** recognized Coastal Acidification Networks (CANs) as key components of:

- Acidification monitoring
- Research coordination
- Mitigation strategies
- NOAA OAP outreach framework

Also expanded funding for emerging research areas such as marine carbon dioxide removal (mCDR).



2023–2026

Infrastructure & Program Support

Major federal investments support MACAN regional activities.

Funding sources include:

- Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL)
- Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA)
- NOAA Ocean Acidification Program



MACAN strengthens regional capacity to monitor, understand, and respond to ocean acidification impacts.



MACAN

Mid-Atlantic Coastal Acidification Network

NEW JERSEY OCEAN ACIDIFICATION ACTION PLAN - Leveraging federal funding for state level action



NEW JERSEY

OCEAN ACIDIFICATION ACTION PLAN



Document prepared by:

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP), Coastal Management Program

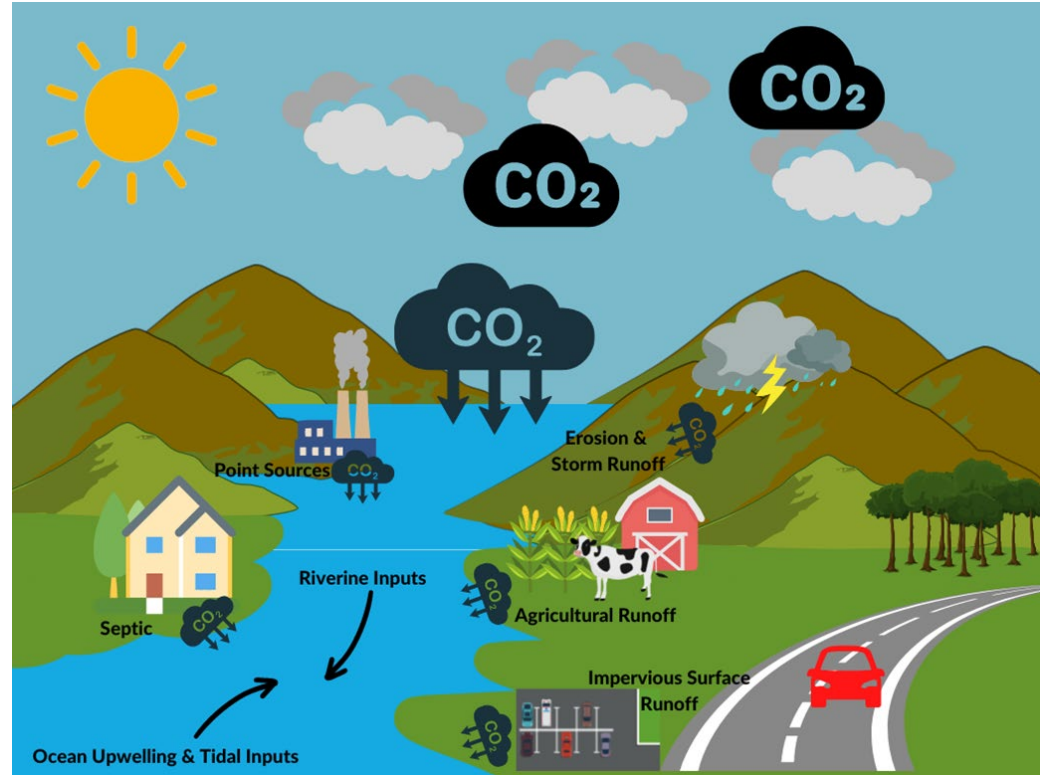
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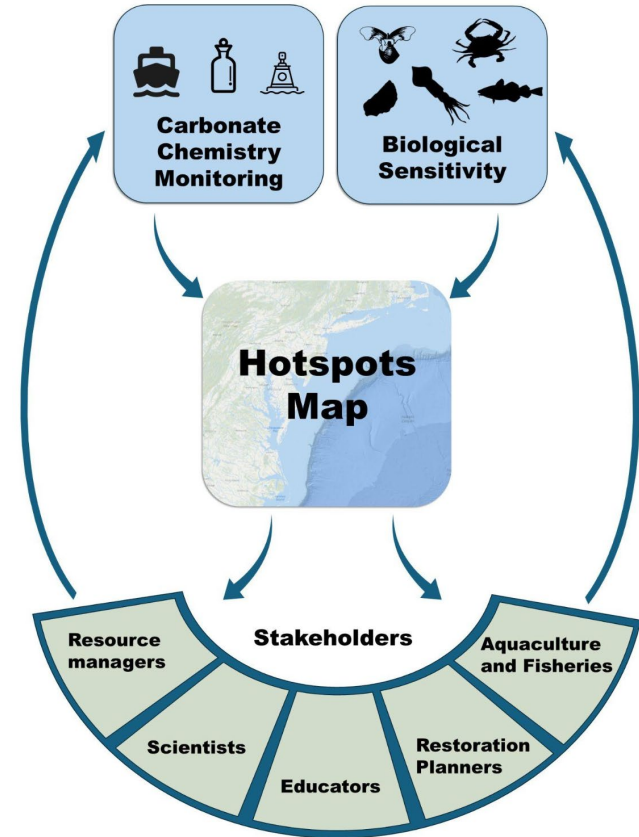
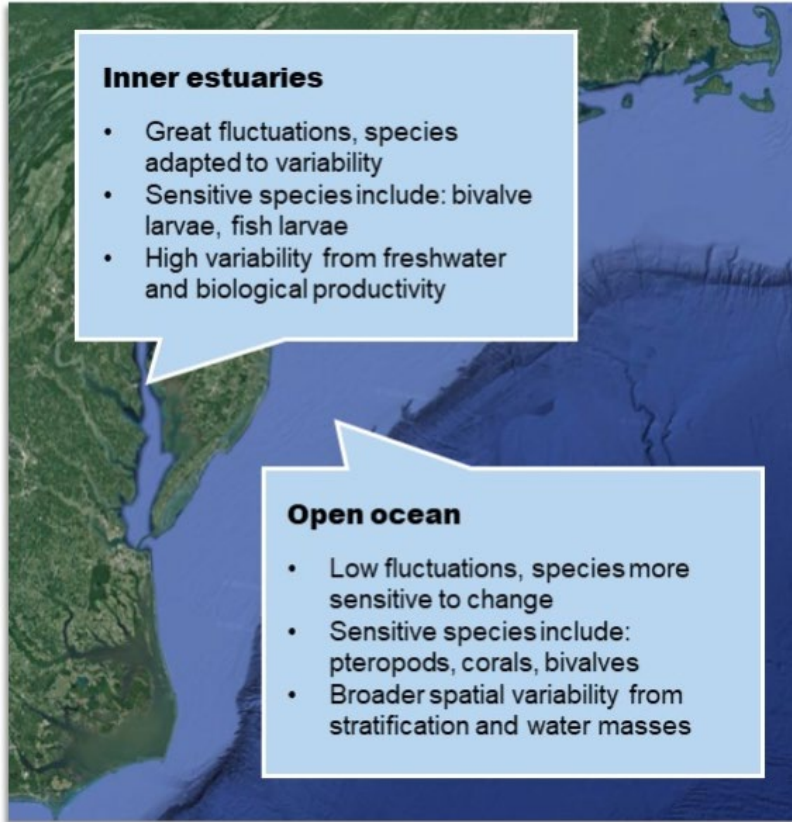


WHAT: COASTAL ACIDIFICATION

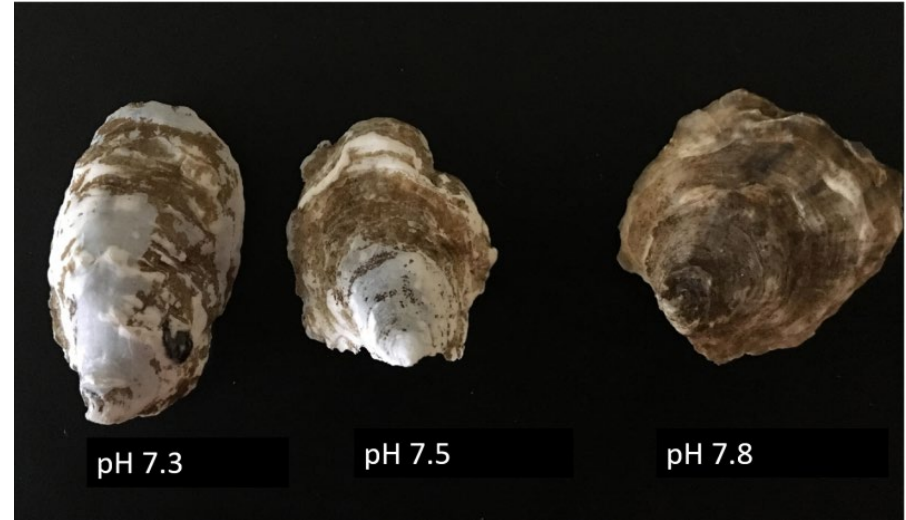
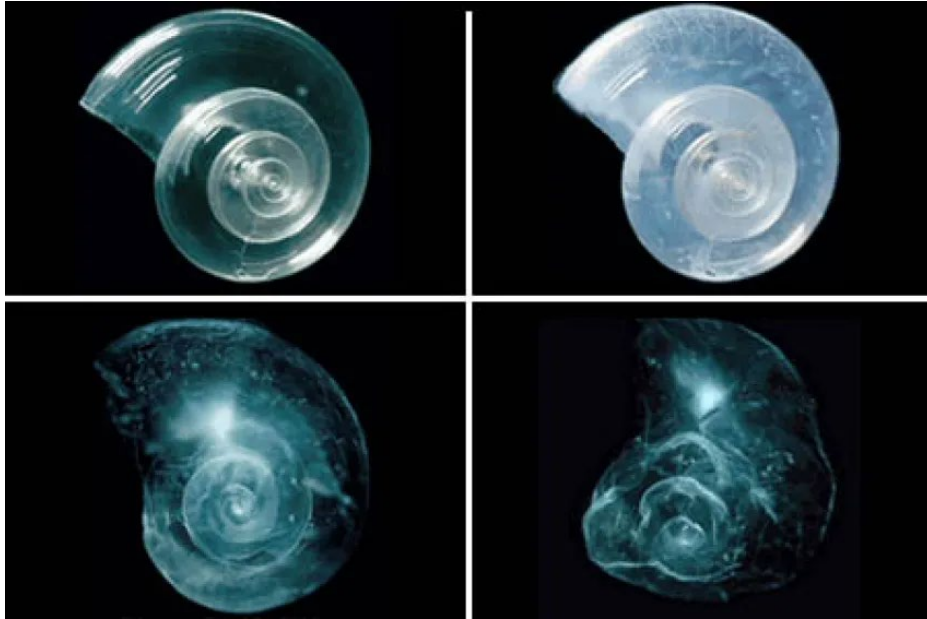
- How does CO₂ get into the water?
- Coastal processes such as eutrophication (excess nutrient contamination), bacterial decomposition of organic material, rivers, runoff, and other point sources can all contribute to low pH conditions
- But how do we know if low pH is actually impacting species...?



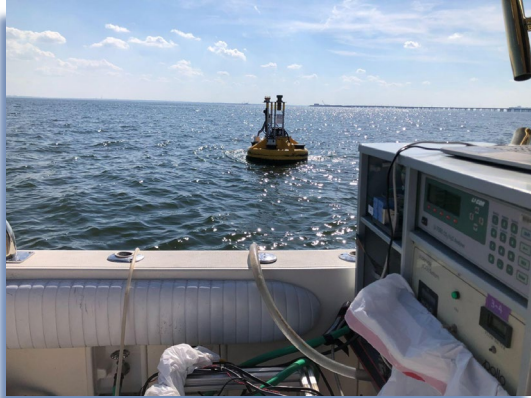
How do we track locations that may be at risk for acidification?



Potential Biological Impacts: Laboratory Studies



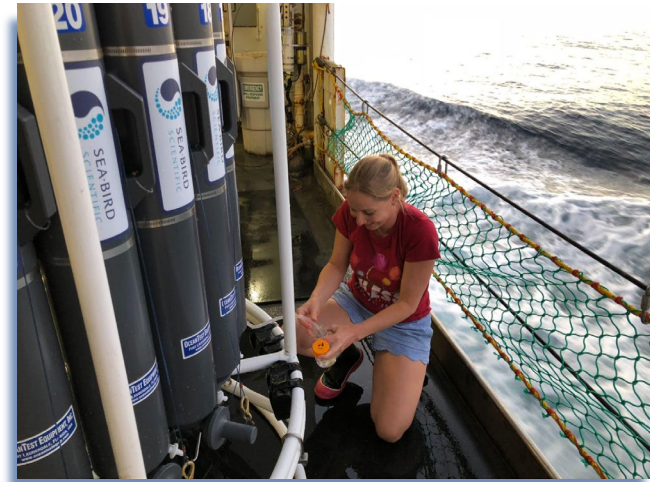
VARIOUS SAMPLE COLLECTION METHODS



Moored
Continuous
& Underway
Cruise



Coastal Samples



Ocean Discrete
Water Sampling



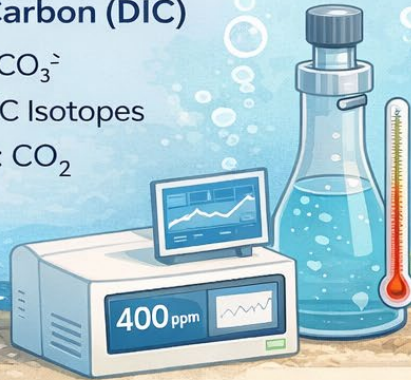
Continuous
Gliders

Measurement of DIC, TA, pCO₂, and pH for Carbonate Chemistry



Dissolved Inorganic Carbon (DIC)

- Dissolved CO₂, HCO₃⁻, CO₃²⁻
- Mass Spectrometry: δ¹³C Isotopes
- Infrared Gas Analyzer: CO₂ measurement

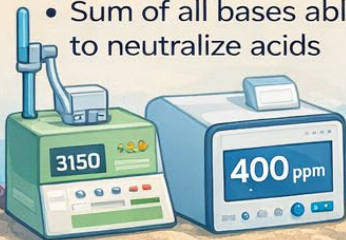


(CO₂) Partial Pressure of CO₂ (pCO₂)

- pCO₂ (µatm): partial pressure of carbon dioxide in seawater
- Infrared Gas Analyzer (IRGA); measures CO₂ gas
- Directly related to the exchange of CO₂ between the ocean and atmosphere

T_A Total Alkalinity (TA)

- Sum of all bases able to neutralize acids



Total Alkalinity (TA)

- Major contributors: HCO₃⁻, CO₃²⁻, OH⁻, H₃BO₃, etc.
- Coulometric Titration for TA measurement



pH

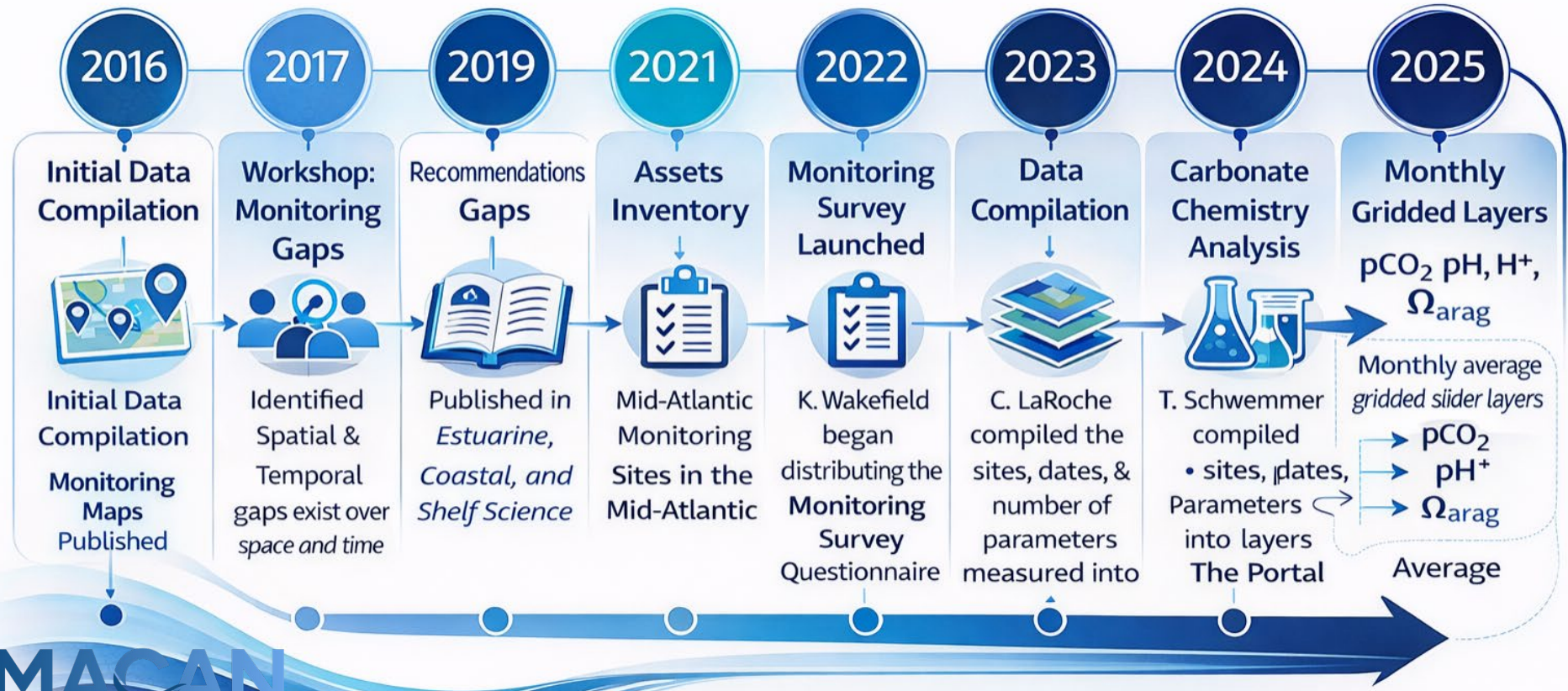
- Determines levels of CO₂, HCO₃⁻, CO₃²⁻



pH



Dissolved Inorganic Carbon + Total Alkalinity + Partial Pressure of CO₂ + pH



MACAN

Mid-Atlantic Coastal Acidification

Search data

Active • 1 MyPlanner Data Legend

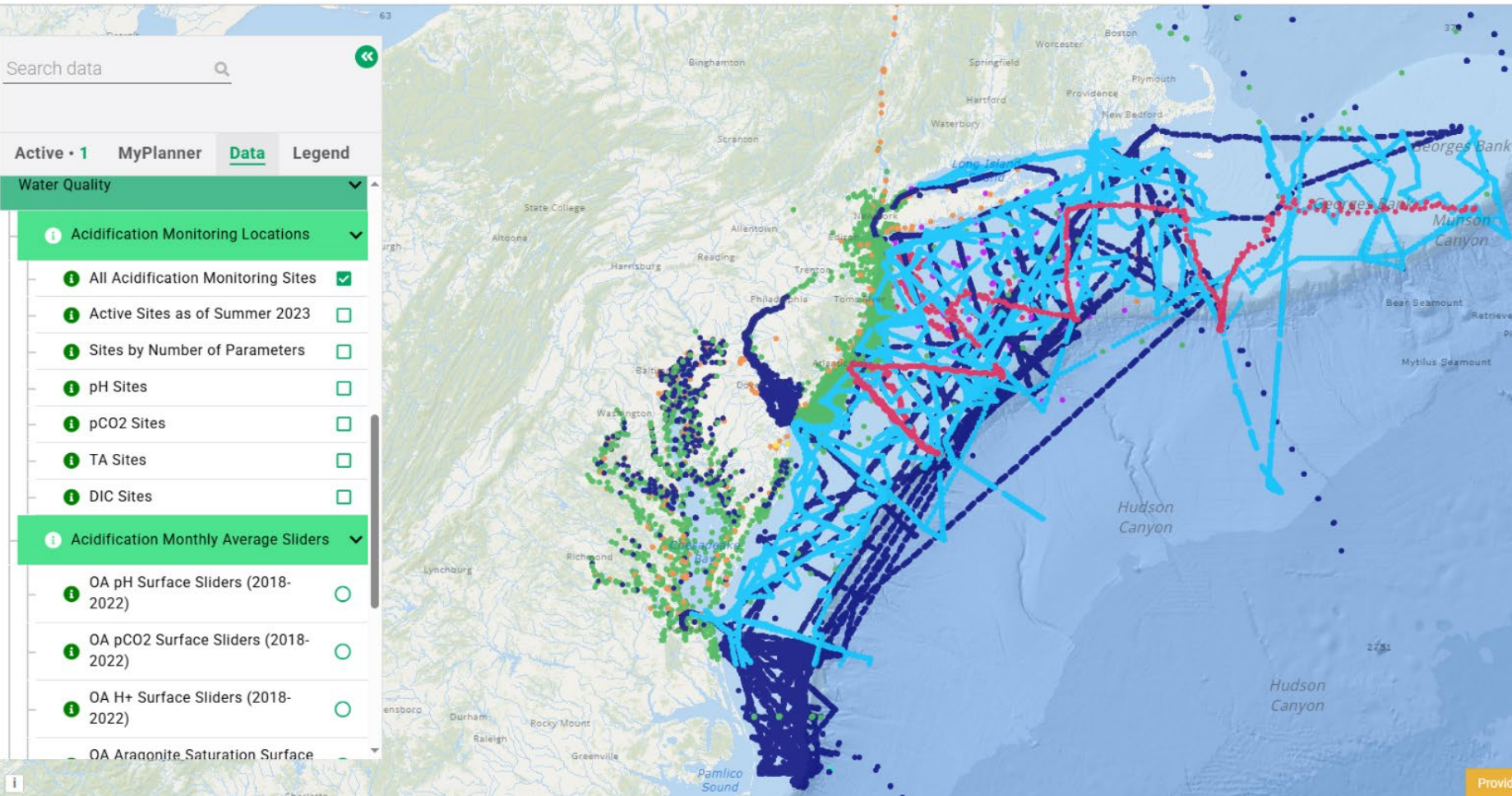
Water Quality

Acidification Monitoring Locations

- All Acidification Monitoring Sites
- Active Sites as of Summer 2023
- Sites by Number of Parameters
- pH Sites
- pCO2 Sites
- TA Sites
- DIC Sites

Acidification Monthly Average Sliders

- OA pH Surface Sliders (2018-2022)
- OA pCO2 Surface Sliders (2018-2022)
- OA H+ Surface Sliders (2018-2022)
- OA Aragonite Saturation Surface



Search data



Active • 2 MyPlanner Data Legend

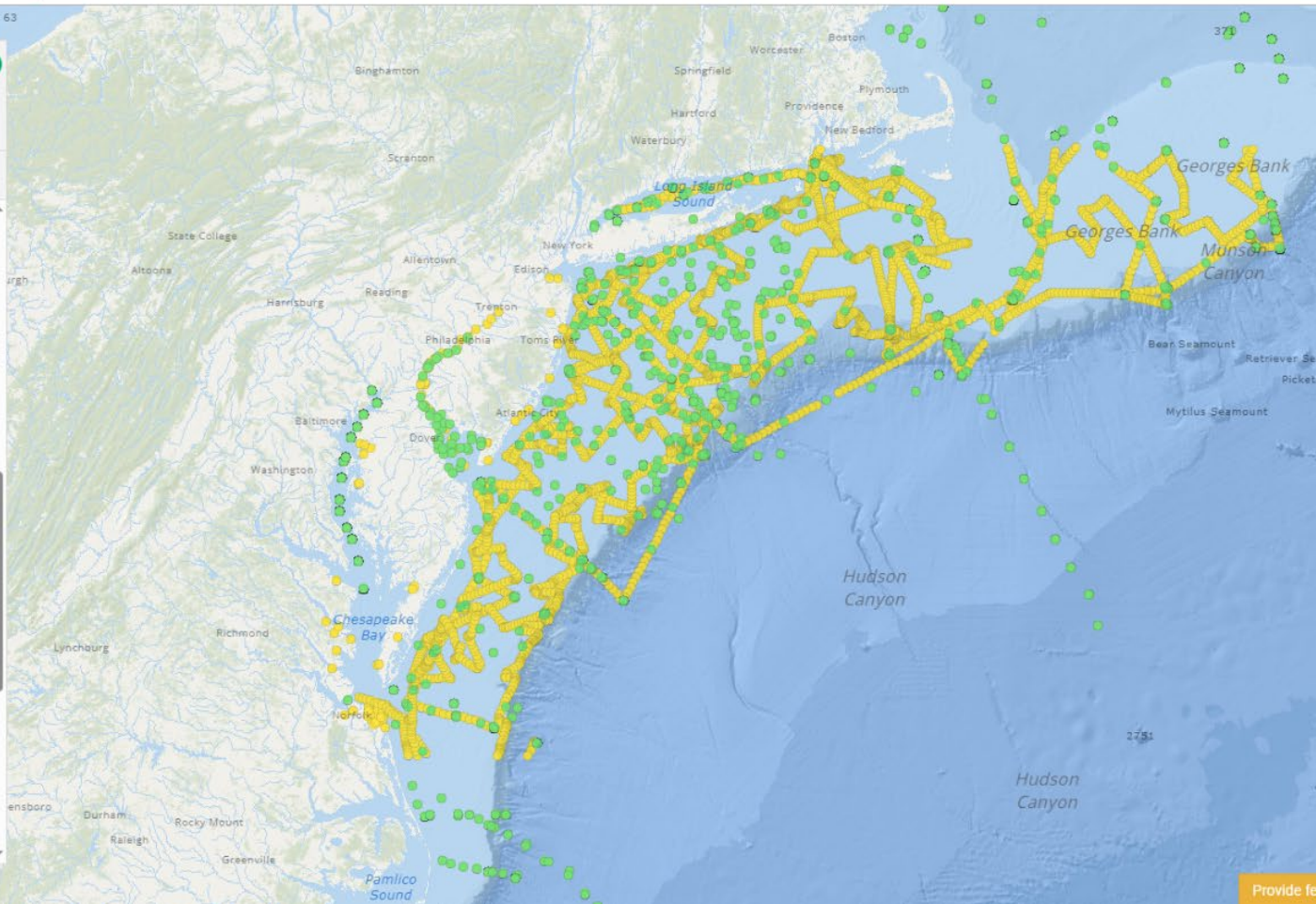
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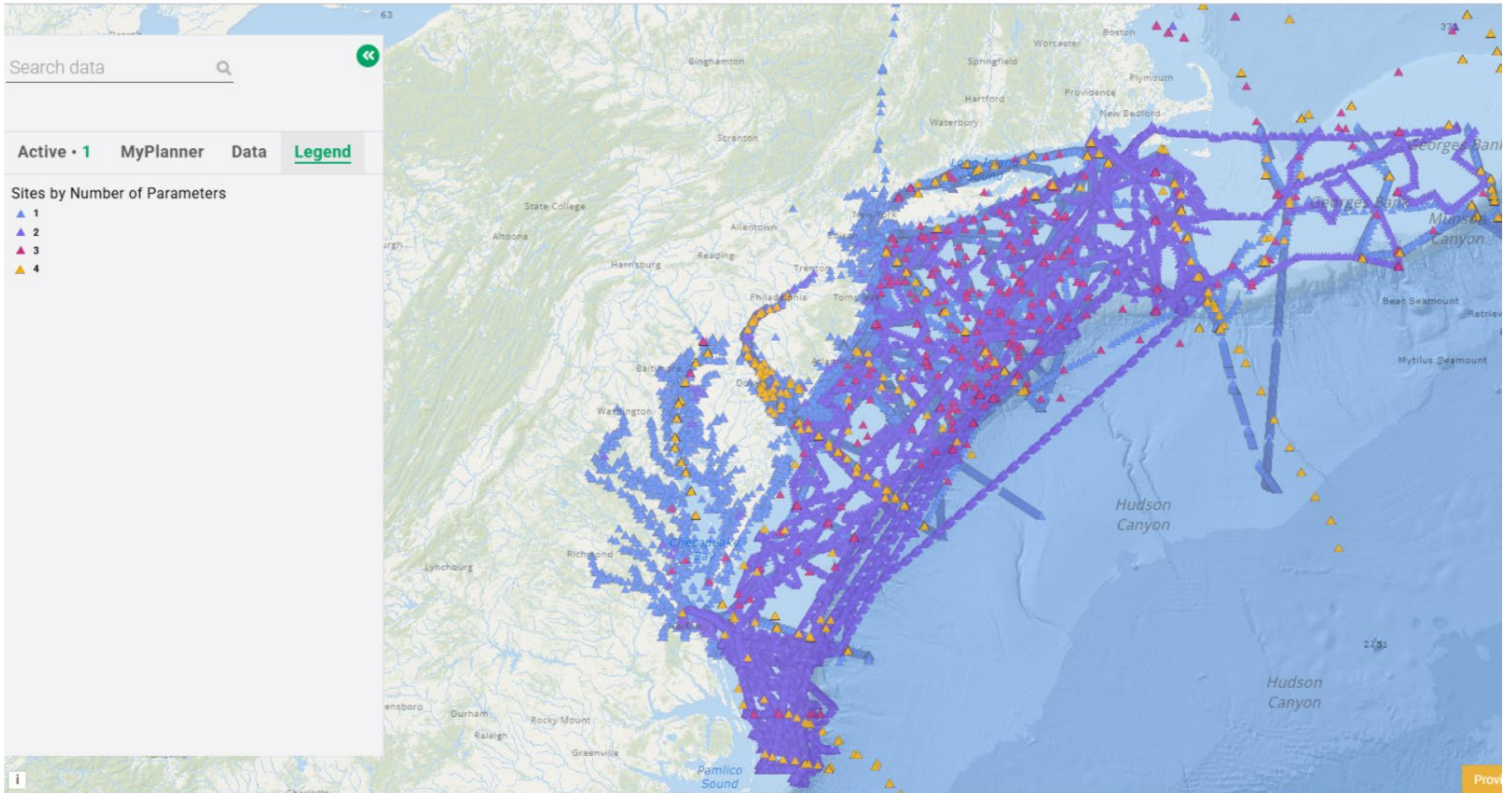
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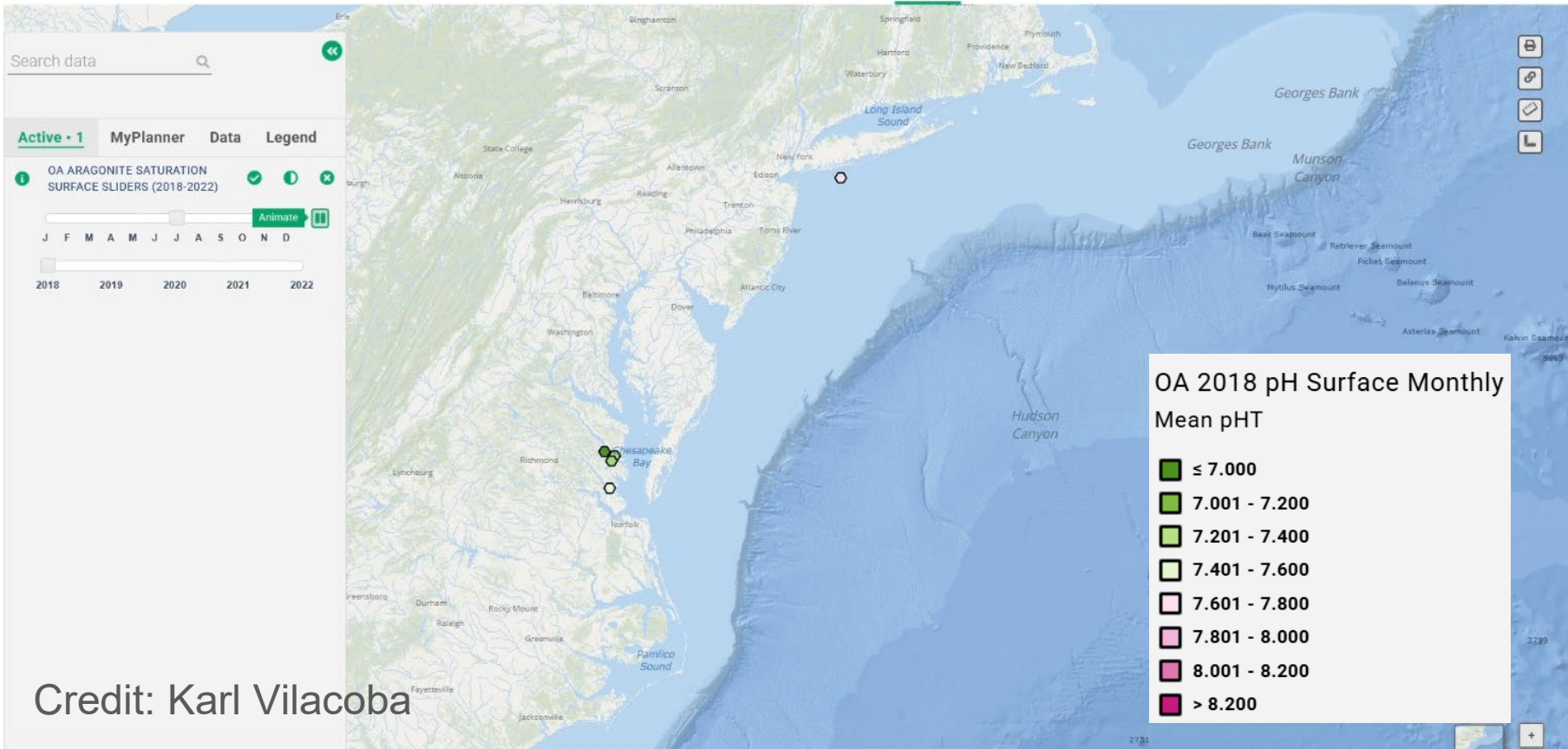


Active • 1 MyPlanner Data Legend

Sites by Number of Parameters

- ▲ 1
- ▲ 2
- ▲ 3
- ▲ 4







» **All Species**

Converting ocean acidification data into insights about the species living in our water.

» **Biological Impacts from Acidification**

Ocean acidification changes water chemistry in ways that can hinder how marine species grow, reproduce, and survive.

» **Marine Phytoplankton**

Microscopic marine plants that form the base of ocean food webs.

» **Crustaceans**

Blue crabs are crucial to Mid-Atlantic ecology and economy.

» **Deep-Sea Corals**

Gorgonian sea fans and bamboo corals create vital deep-sea habitats.

» **Mollusks**

A diverse group of animals vital to fisheries.

» **Finfish**

Mid-Atlantic finfish are essential to marine ecosystems and economies alike.

» **Zooplankton**

Vital food web organisms with varying responses.

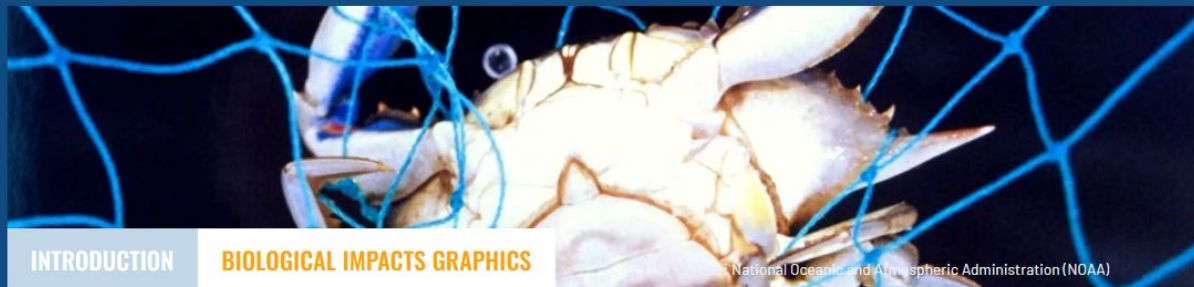
» **Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV)**

SAV, including eelgrass, provide vital



BIOLOGICAL IMPACTS FROM ACIDIFICATION

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INTRODUCTION

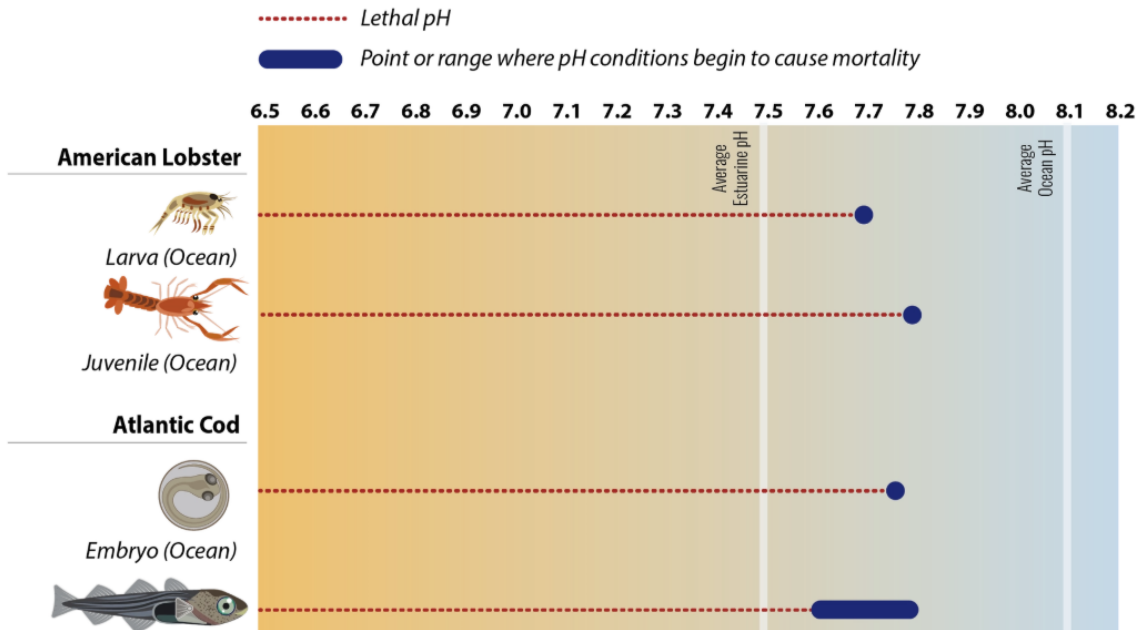
BIOLOGICAL IMPACTS GRAPHICS

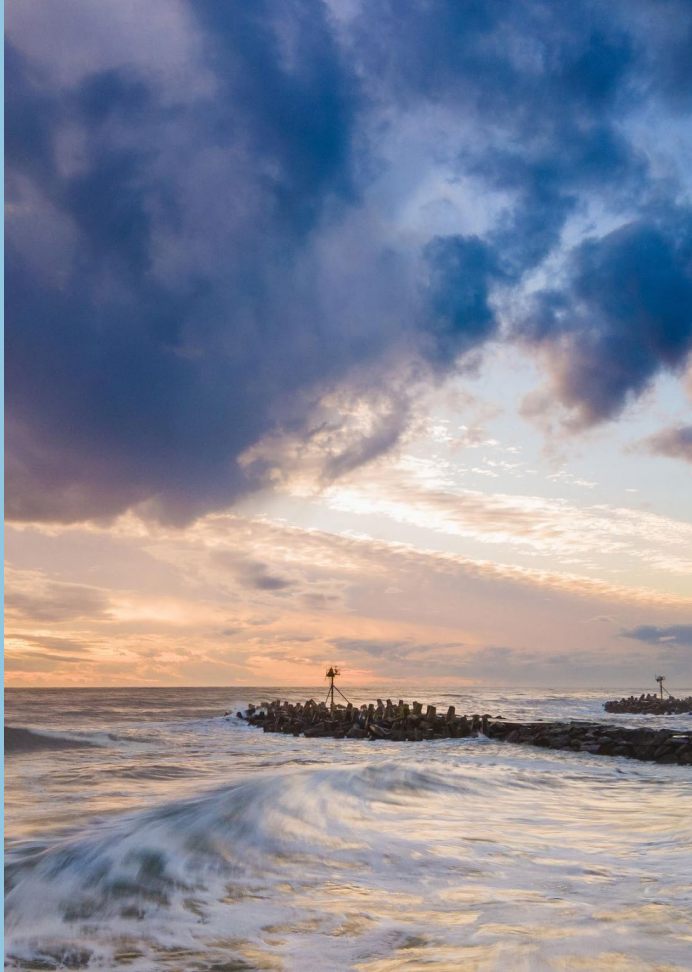
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)

Introduction to Biological Impacts from Acidification



pH Range At Which Mortality Occurs For Various Life Stages Of Mid-Atlantic Species





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