

Scaling Resilient Natural Systems: Watershed, Municipality, Site

New Jersey Coastal & Climate Resilience Conference
March 10, 2026

Anna Hochhalter, RLA, WEDG
Senior Landscape Architect
Water Infrastructure & Climate Adaptation
NYC Metro Ramboll
ahochhalter@ramboll.com

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Speaker Introductions



Anna Hochhalter, RLA, WEDG
Senior Landscape Architect,
Ramboll



Rob Pirani
Director,
NY-NJ Harbor & Estuary Program at
the Hudson River Foundation



Angela Andersen
Resilience Project Manager,
Long Beach Township



Brett Branco, PhD
Executive Director,
Science and Resilience Institute at
Jamaica Bay

Ramboll in brief

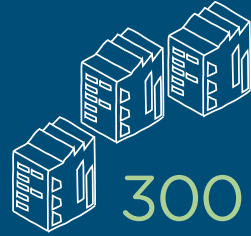
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global offices in 35 countries; 70 offices across three countries in the Americas

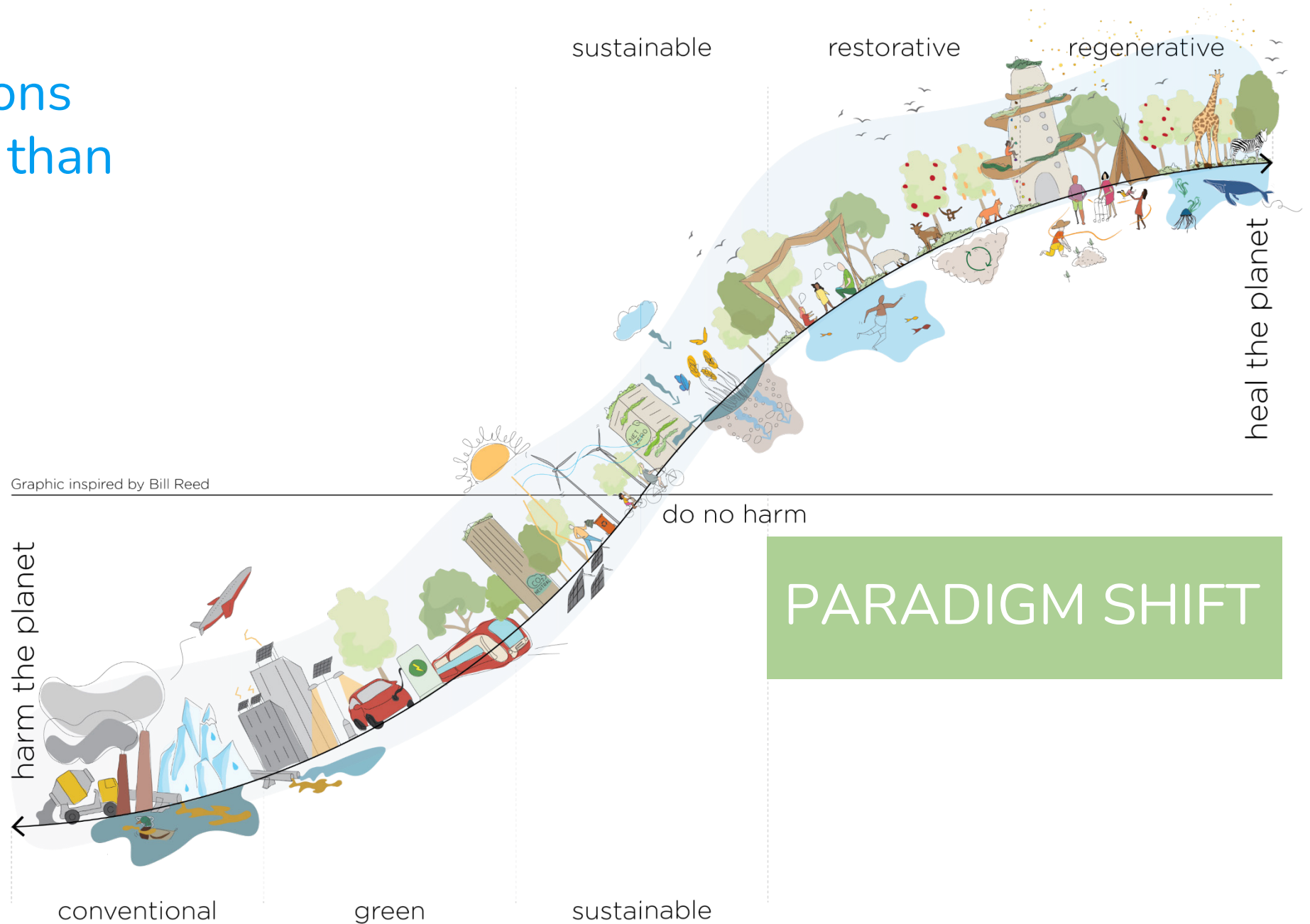


18,000 employees

2,100 people in the Americas



Create solutions that do more than "do no harm"



Your work is
always part of a
bigger whole



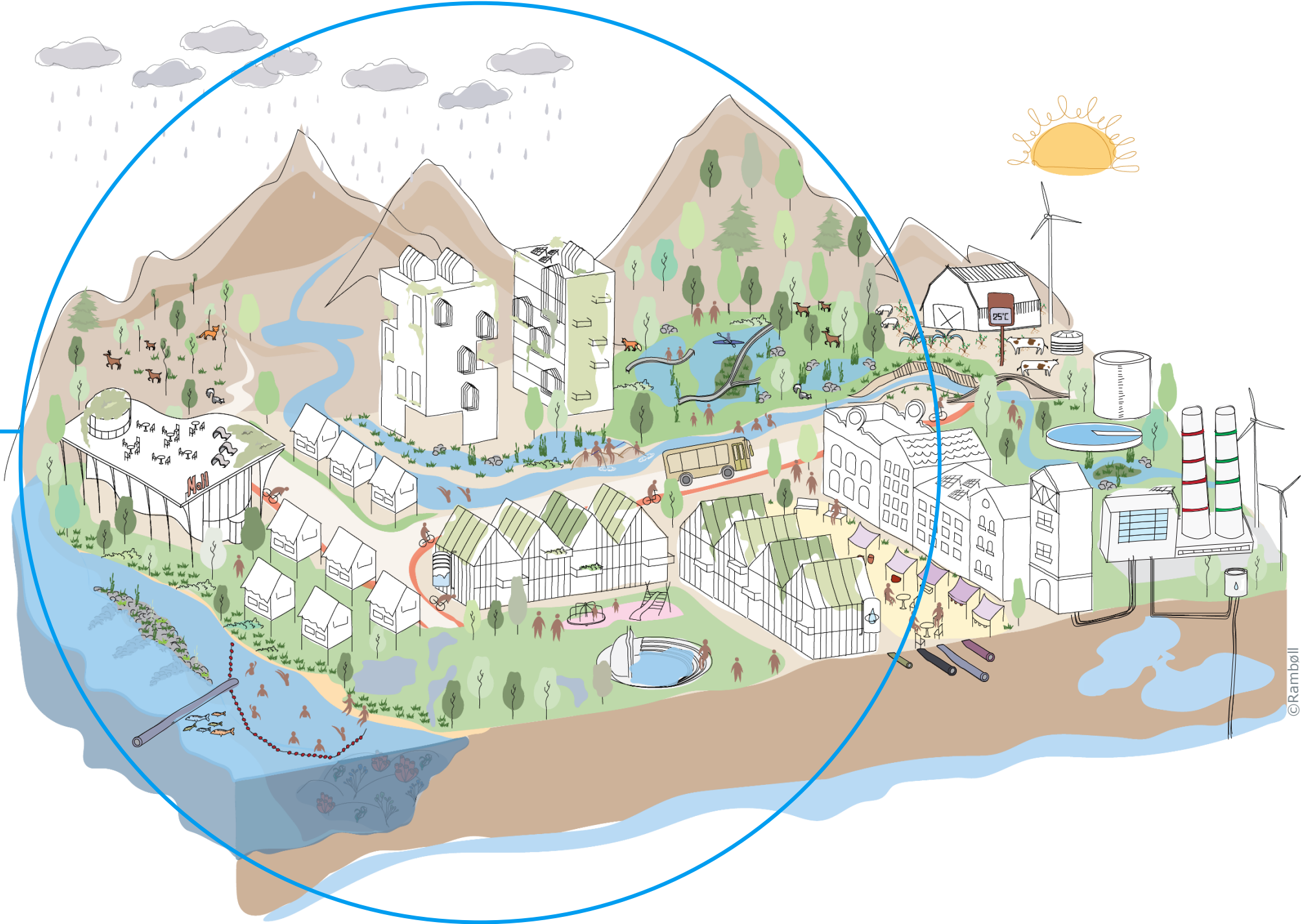
A single shoreline project



A system of
municipal
policies and
programs

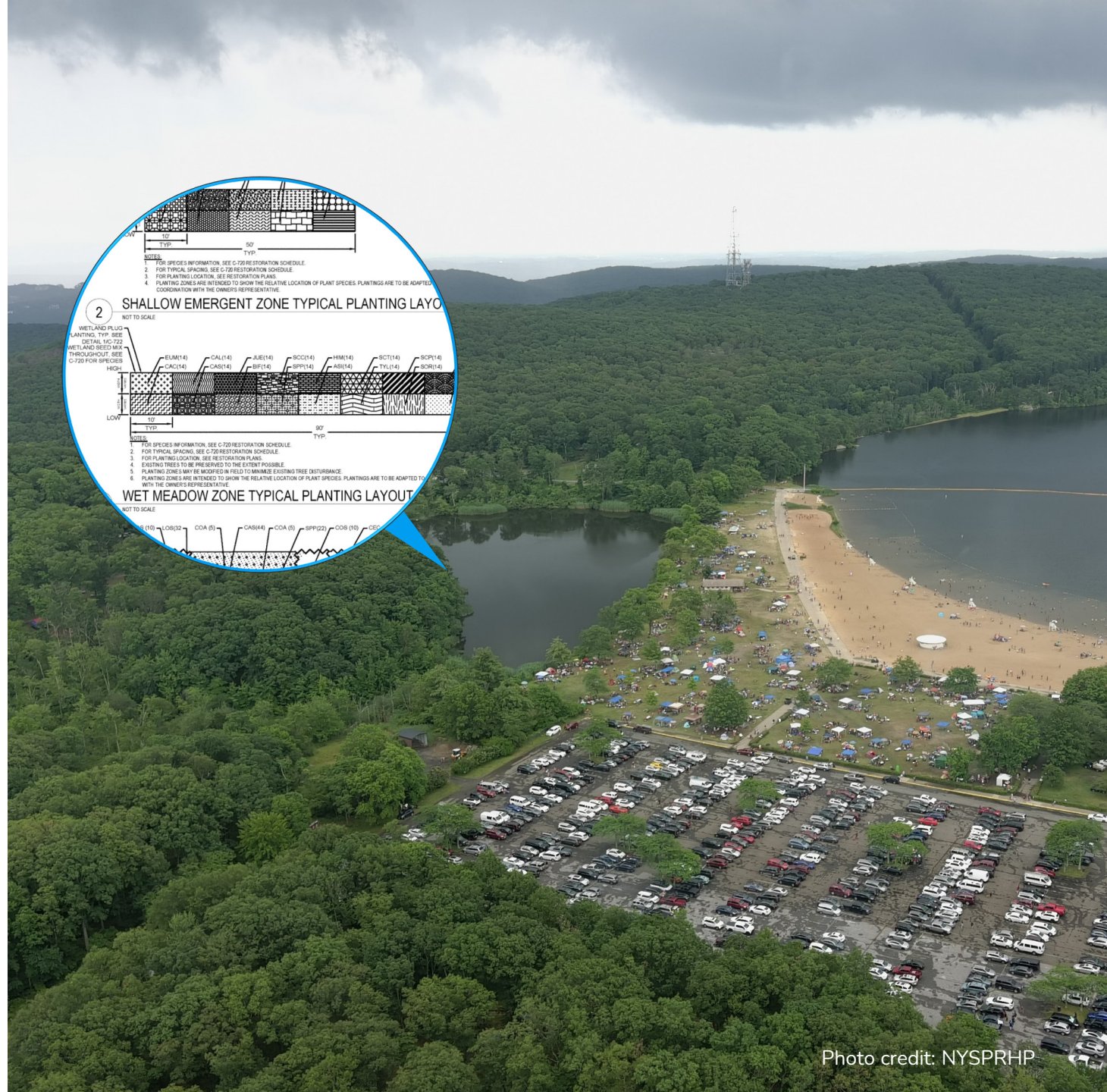
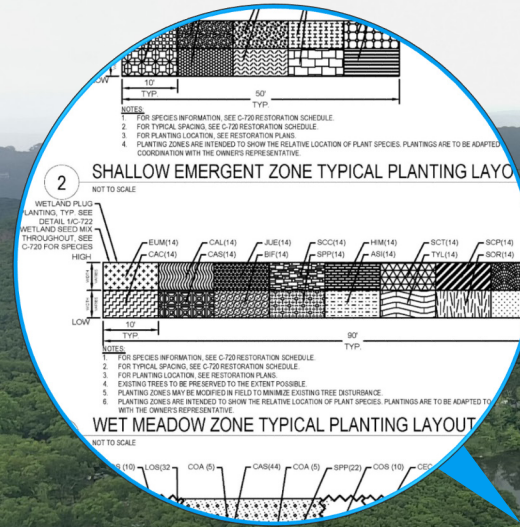


Networked
within a
wide-
reaching
watershed



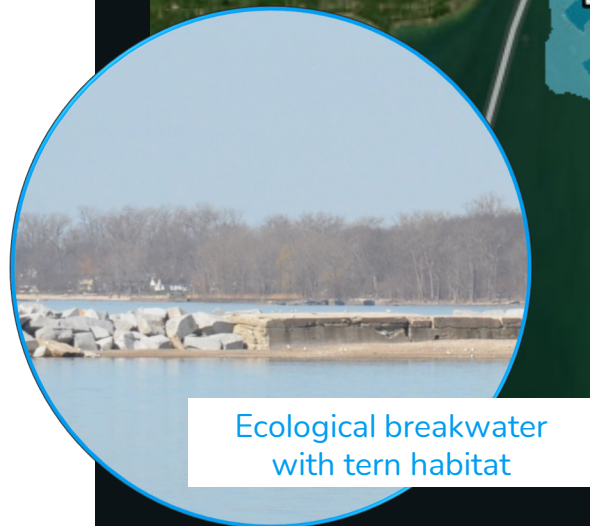
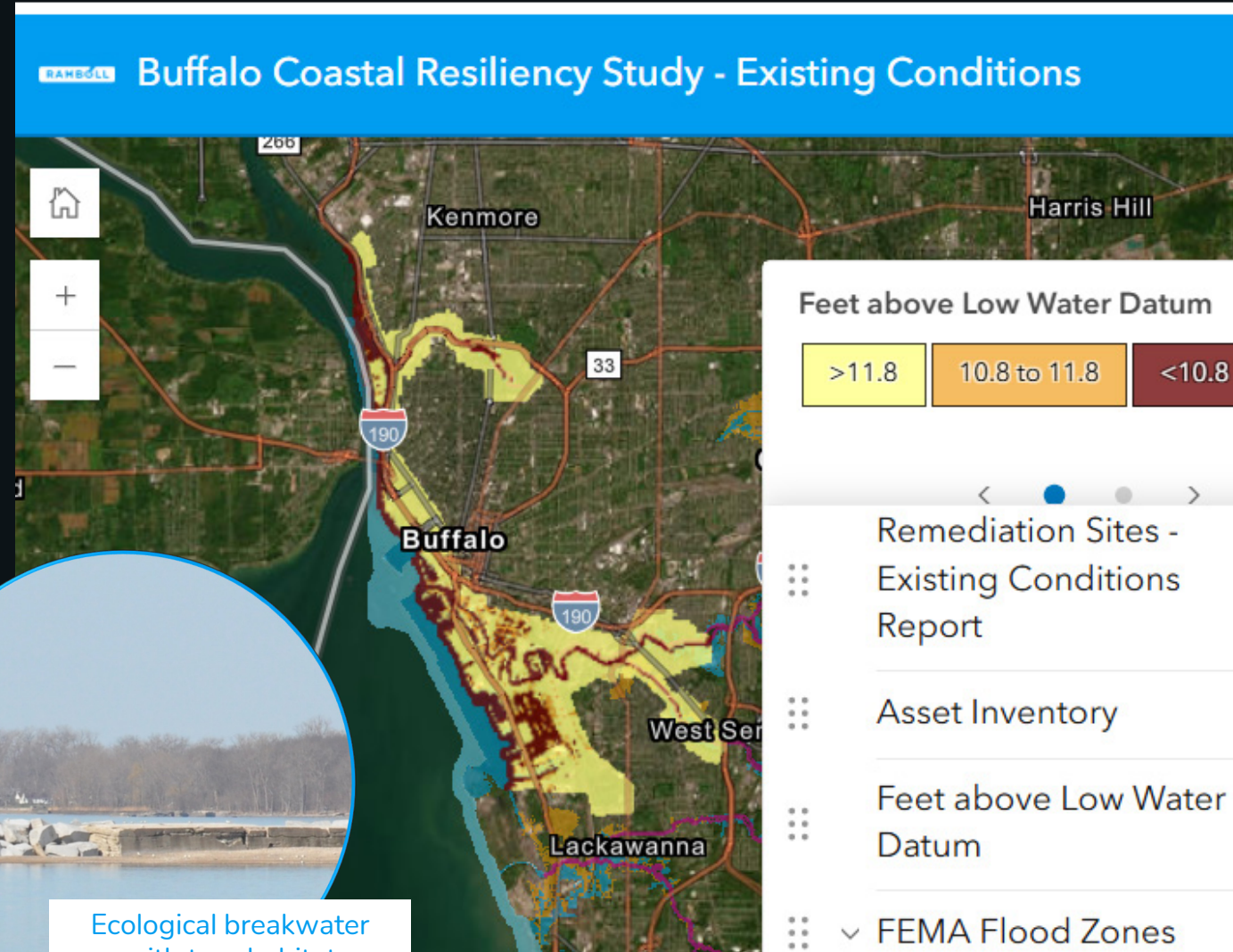
Lake Welch Wetland Restoration

- Located within Harriman State Park (New York)
- Water quality concerns, HABs treatment and WWTP facility improvements
- Wetland restoration of degraded lagoon and design of wetland stormwater treatment system
- Site-specific design driven by
 - Adjacent Chestnut Oak Forest
 - Native wetland community composition and hydrophytic vegetation design



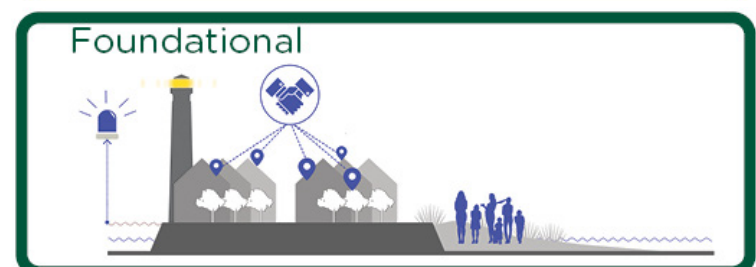
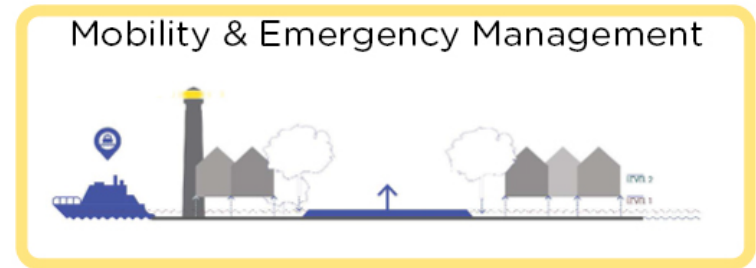
Buffalo Coastal Resilience

- Flooding resiliency study for the City of Buffalo, NY for Buffalo Niagara Waterkeeper
- Help mitigate long-term coastal flooding risks associated with storm surge and seiche events in a changing climate
- Evaluated extensive coastal and inland areas to create profile of community vulnerability to flooding and sewer discharge backflows
- Designed a network of conceptual projects to address flooding with engineered nature-based solutions



Resilient Long Beach Island

- Island-wide resilience effort with 6 municipalities, stakeholders, residents, county
- Collaborations across municipal boundaries and services
- Aligning with various and differing priorities
- Planning for resilience in unprecedented change
- Resilient LBI Action Plan for short-term, long-term projects, and foundational capacity-building for many audiences



Thank you.

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Scaling Resilient Natural Systems

For the Hudson-Raritan Estuary

March 2026

HUDSON
RIVER
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NY/NJ
HARBOR
& ESTUARY
PROGRAM

Hudson-Raritan Estuary

360,000 Square KM Watershed

5,500 Square KM Watershed for Harbor Estuary

14 Million People

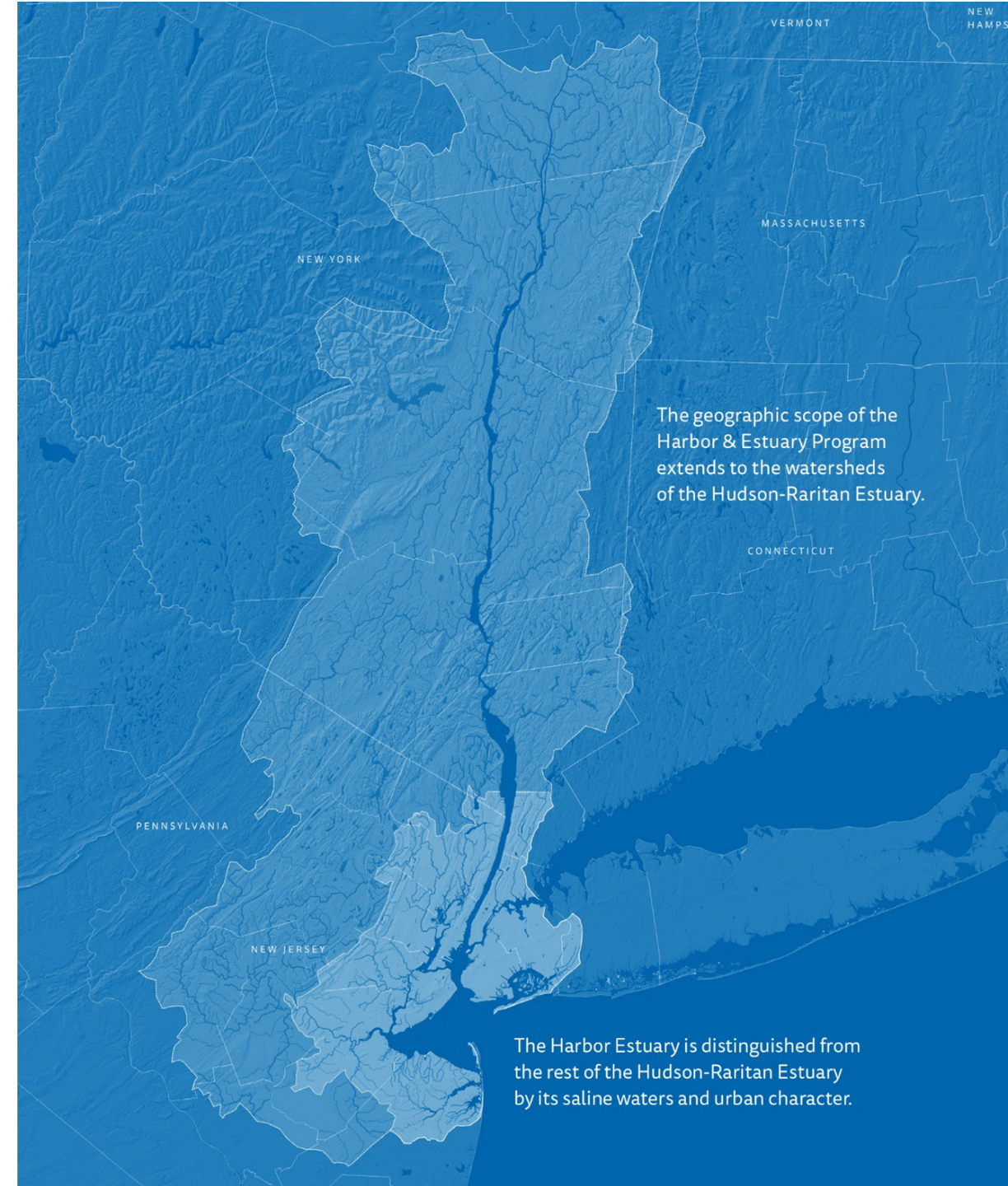
^ 30 Percent of Shoreline is Hardened and 85% of Coastal Wetlands Have Been Lost

25 Major Treatment Plants Discharging 2 Billion GPD

200,000 Port/Maritime Workers

2 States, 11 Sewerage Agencies, and Hundreds of Units of Local Government

^ 150 Stewardship Organizations



The geographic scope of the Harbor & Estuary Program extends to the watersheds of the Hudson-Raritan Estuary.

The Harbor Estuary is distinguished from the rest of the Hudson-Raritan Estuary by its saline waters and urban character.



New York - New Jersey Harbor & Estuary Program

Mission: Engaging people, partners, and communities to collaboratively advance understanding, improve stewardship, and enhance our shared waters and watersheds.

Roles:

- Convene estuary stakeholders
- Support applied science
- Advance best practices
- Provide for community engagement
- Attract and allocate funding



Five Long Term Goals



Water Quality



Habitat and Ecological Health



Public Access and Stewardship



Port and Maritime



Community Engagement



The State of the Estuary 2025

Photo: NYSDEC

<https://www.hudsonriver.org/ccmp>

NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY HARBOR & ESTUARY PROGRAM

Action Agenda 2025-2035

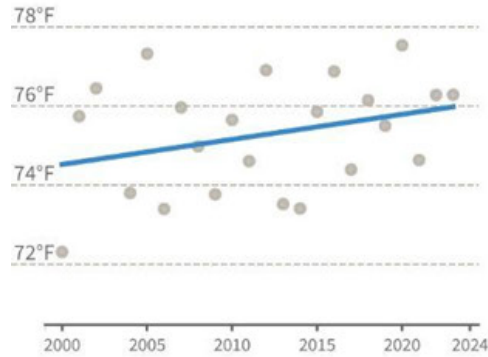
September 2025



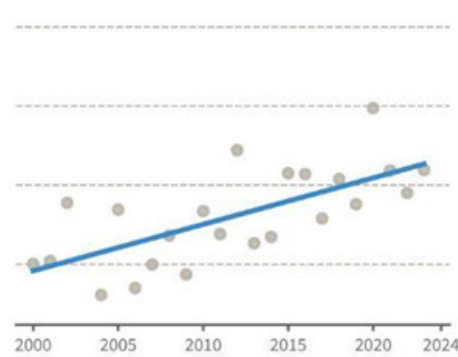
Water Quality Summer Water Temperature

Declining ↘

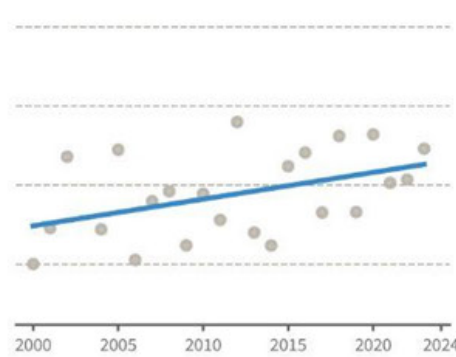
Arthur Kill & Kill van Kull



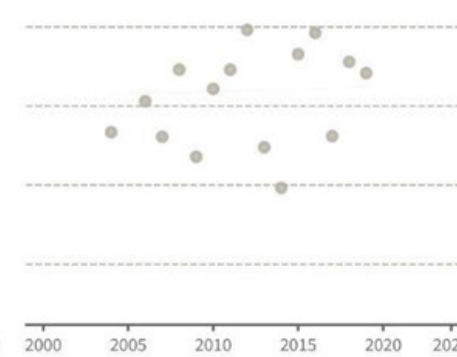
Bronx River & Western Long Island Sound



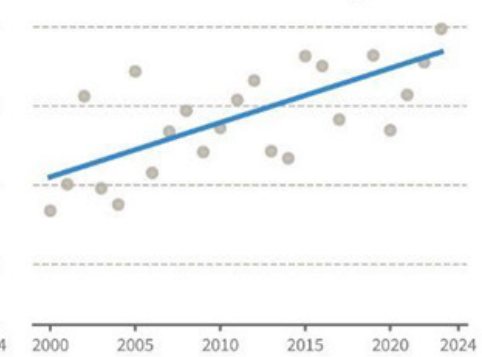
East River & Harlem River



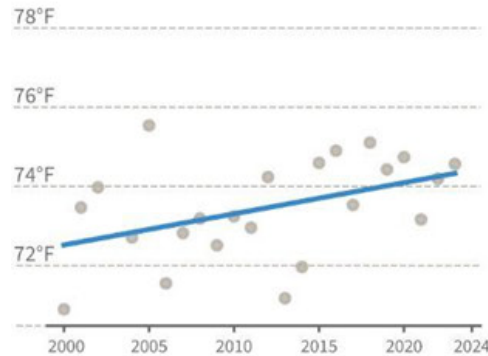
Hackensack River



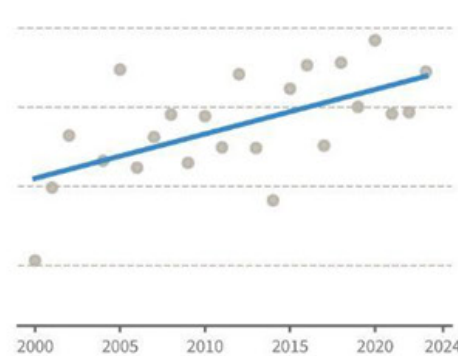
Jamaica Bay & Tributaries



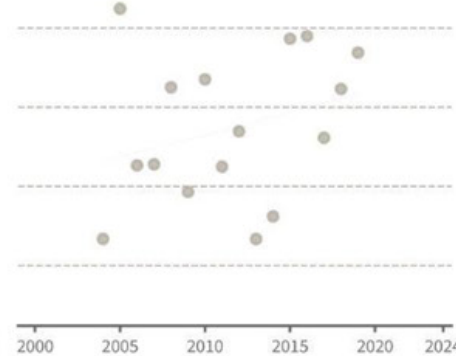
Lower Bay



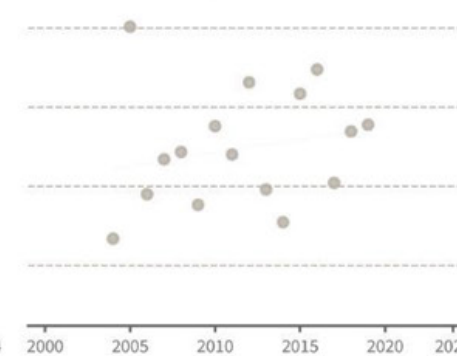
Lower Hudson River



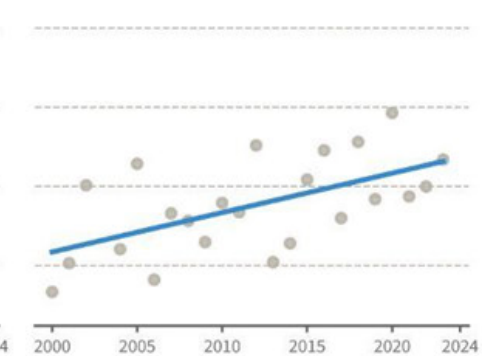
Lower Raritan River



Passaic River & Newark Bay



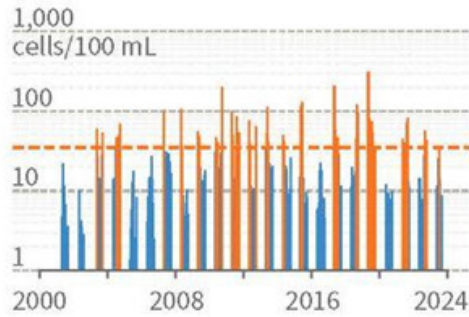
Upper New York Bay



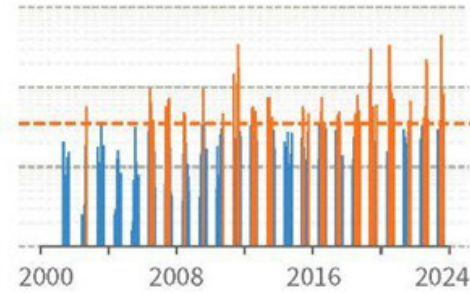
Water Quality Enterococcus

Variable trends 

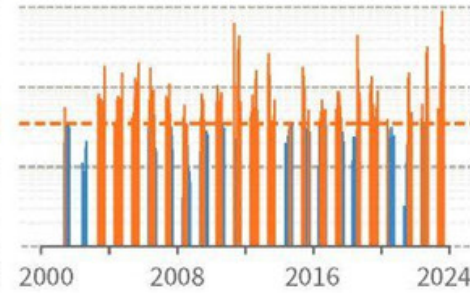
Arthur Kill & Kill van Kull



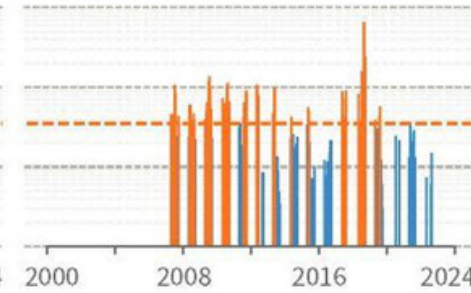
Bronx River & Western Long Island Sound



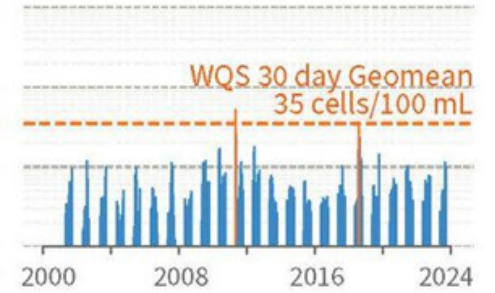
East River & Harlem River



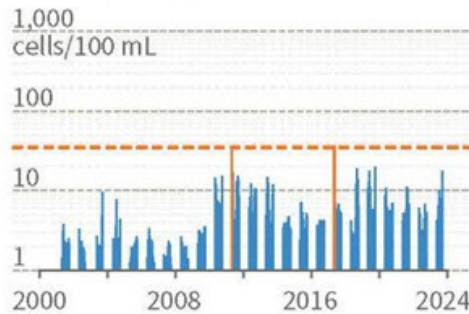
Hackensack River



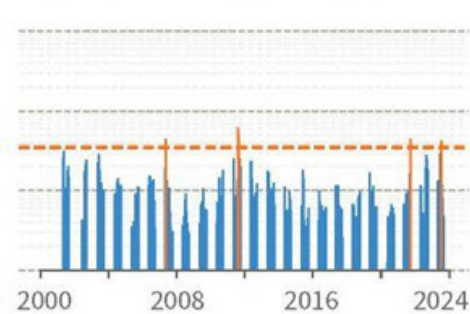
Jamaica Bay



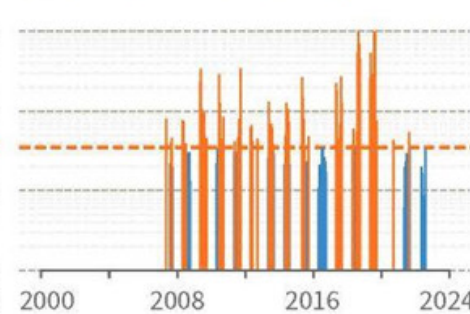
Lower Bay



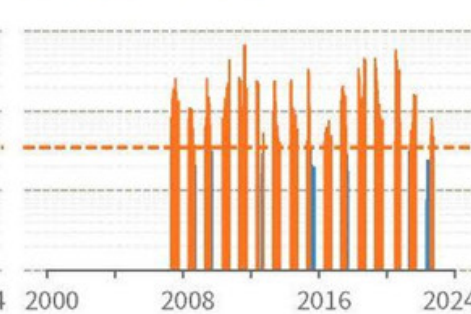
Lower Hudson River



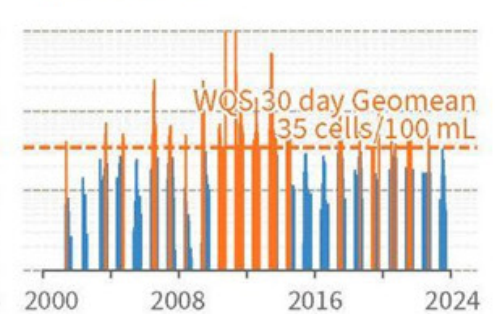
Lower Raritan Bay



Passaic River & Newark Bay



Upper Bay

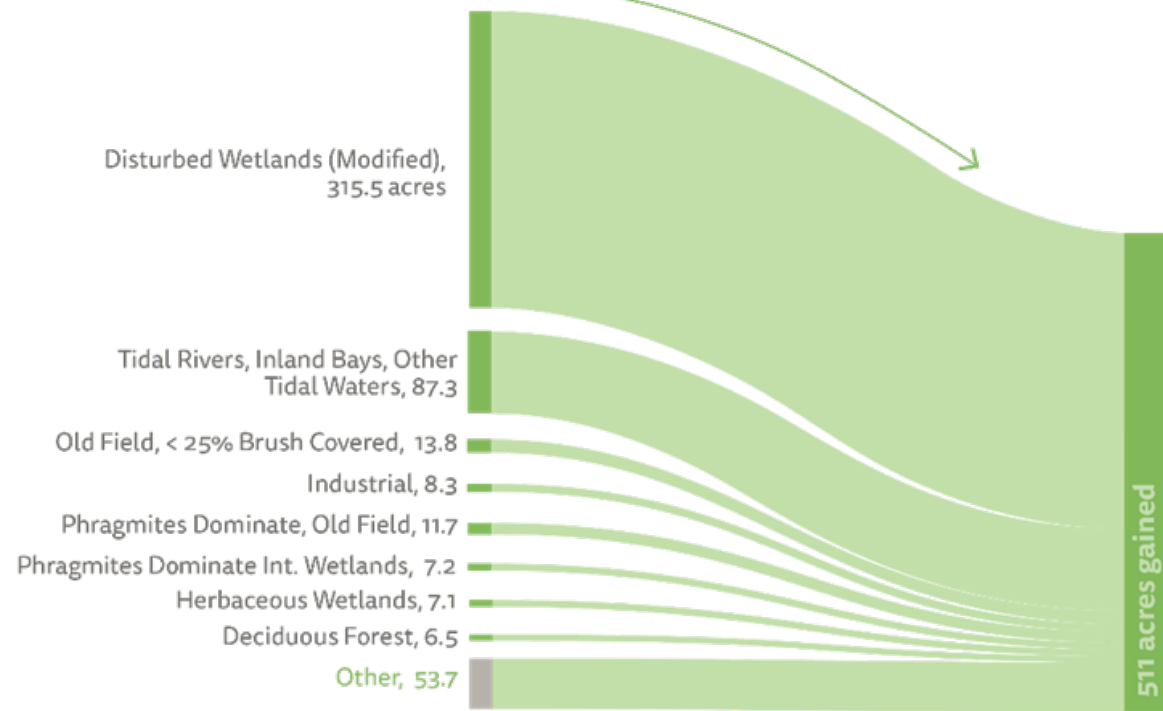


Tidal Wetlands, New Jersey

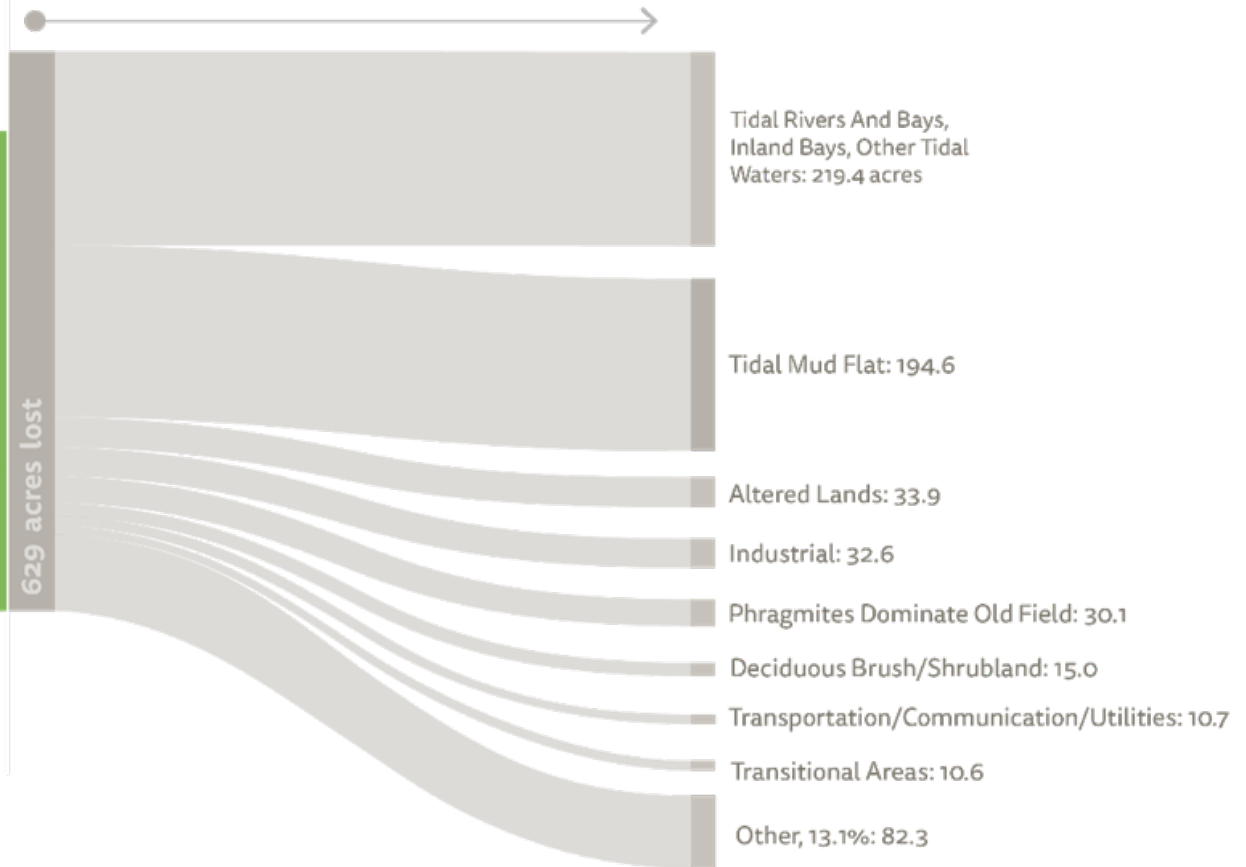
New Jersey had **118 fewer acres** of wetlands in 2018 than in 2007.

Short term trend: declining ↘

New Jersey 2007-2018 Tidal Wetlands Gain



Tidal Wetlands Loss





OBJECTIVE A EXTREME WEATHER

Maximize clean water and other benefits through integrated adaptation approaches

Action A-1 Advance watershed plans and/or pilot projects that aim to reduce flood risk and improve water quality

Action A-2 Support the management and maintenance of green stormwater infrastructure and natural and nature-based resiliency features



OBJECTIVE A TARGET CHARACTERISTICS

Progress on key target ecosystem characteristic goals of the Hudson Raritan Estuary Comprehensive Restoration Plan

ACTION A-2. Improve aquatic connectivity by addressing physical barriers to aquatic life such as dams and culverts





OBJECTIVE D EXTREME WEATHER

Advance understanding and incorporation of the impacts of recurring extreme weather events on habitat management

ACTION D-1

Evaluate and integrate habitat conservation and restoration with coastal protection



OBJECTIVE B DREDGED MATERIALS

Advance beneficial reuse of dredged materials to enhance habitat, especially shallow water restoration practices

ACTION B-1 Assess performance of structured shallow water habitat over time and advance new shallow water enhancement opportunities





BUILDING COMMUNITY CAPACITY FOR RESILIENCY

Five grants totaling \$450,000
awarded in 2023. **\$563,498**
leveraged from grantees to date.

Up to \$ 350,000 will be granted in
2026 for four – six grants.

**Focus on integrating watershed
management, flood resiliency, and
clean water goals**



Citizen Advocacy to Promote Flood and Coastal Resilience in Southwest Yonkers

Program overview April through
September, 2024

December 12, 2024



Scaling Resilient Natural Systems

For the Hudson-Raritan Estuary


Robert Pirani

Rob@hudsonriver.org

<https://www.hudsonriver.org/ccmp>

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& ESTUARY
PROGRAM

An aerial photograph of a coastal landscape, showing a mix of land and water. A large, stylized eagle graphic is overlaid on the right side of the image, with its wings spread. The eagle is rendered in a light brown or tan color, contrasting with the darker tones of the landscape. The text is centered in the upper half of the image.

SCALING RESILIENT NATURAL SYSTEMS

Angela C. Andersen
Resilience Project Manager
Long Beach Township Field Station, NJ

And then along came Sandy



2012
Shifted
priorities &
changed
terminology

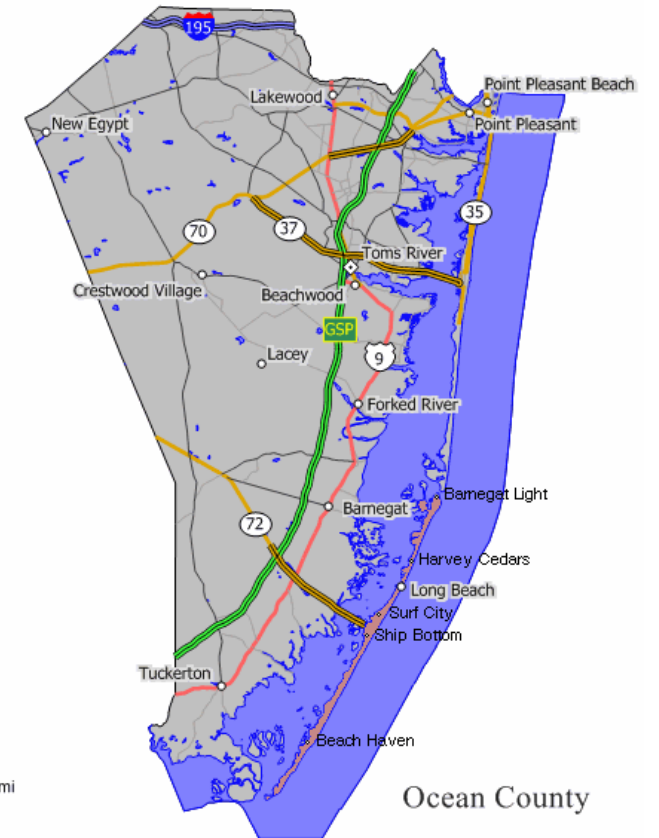
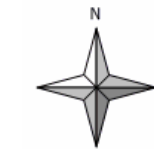
LBI & Barnegat Bay-Little Egg Harbor Bay watershed & estuary- Manahawkin Bay- established NEP 1995-Barnegat Bay Partnership

The Barnegat Bay-Little Egg Harbor estuary 42-linear miles 3 inlets Little Egg Harbor Inlet north past Barnegat light inlet to Point Pleasant Canal

The b-bay is created and protected by barrier islands

Fresh water from rivers and groundwater meets the ocean producing (brackish- estuary)

LBI-- double duty : creating and protecting the estuary.



- Sub watershed/ creeks provided fresh water to the system as well as sediment.
- The lack of soil-sediment coming into the system is realized in diminishing wetlands/bay islands
- NJ Bay Island Initiative shedding light on importance of protecting marsh islands
- Increased sand-sediment coming in the inlets from replenishment
- Sediment migration and management is critical to resilience planning



Long Beach Island

by the #'s

1 island

6 towns

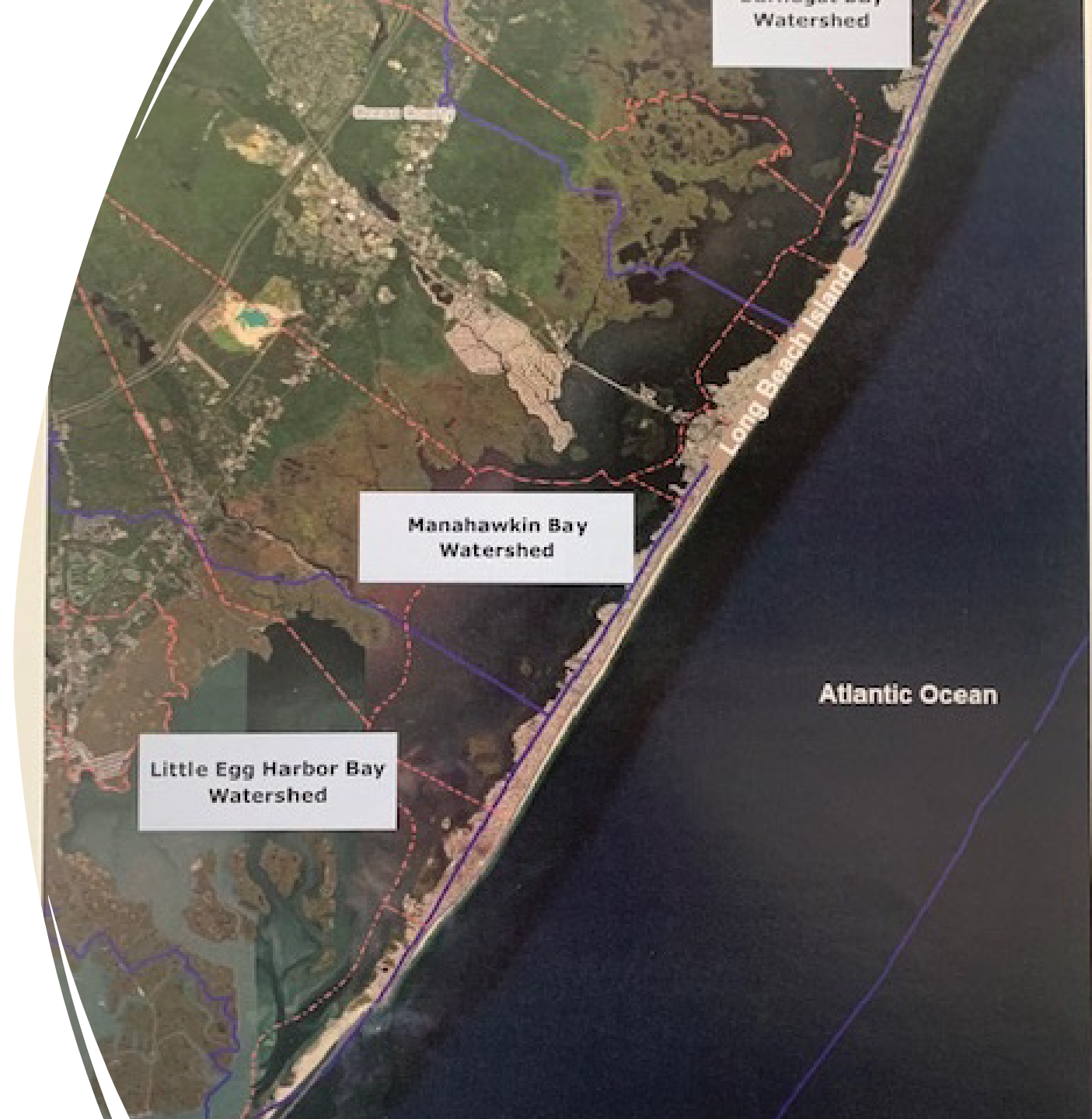
3 bays

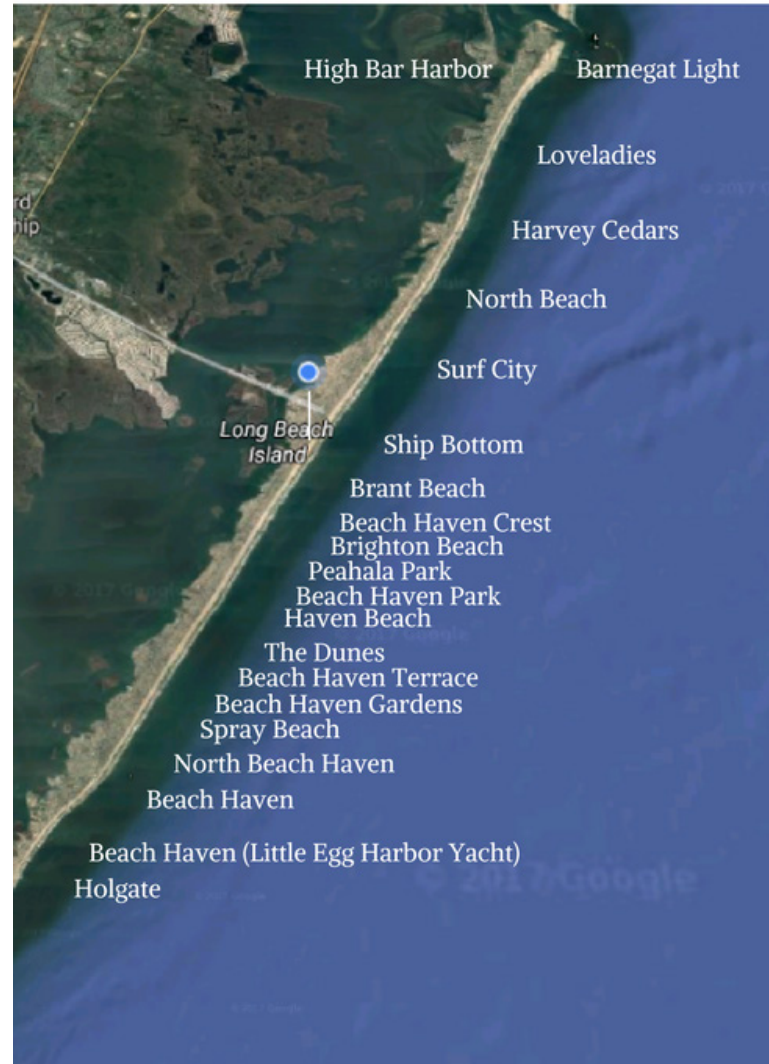
2 inlets

1 ocean

12

rivers/creeks





LBT 12 non contiguous miles of the 18 mile island

Regional Resilience Planning 6 towns

LBT applied for RNJ funding (2018)

RESILIENCE became the name of the game

“Coastal Resilience” means building the ability of a community to “bounce back” after hazardous events such as hurricanes, coastal storms, and flooding – rather than simply reacting to impacts.”
or is it also developing the ability of a community to “bounce forward”

This is where our resilience story started.

Resilient NJ



State of New Jersey
Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Climate Resilience Planning

What is Resilient NJ?

- Long-range regional planning through resilience lens
- Inclusive process to reach underrepresented populations
- Enhancement of ecosystems and social networks
- Through a competitive grant program funded by HUD via DEP

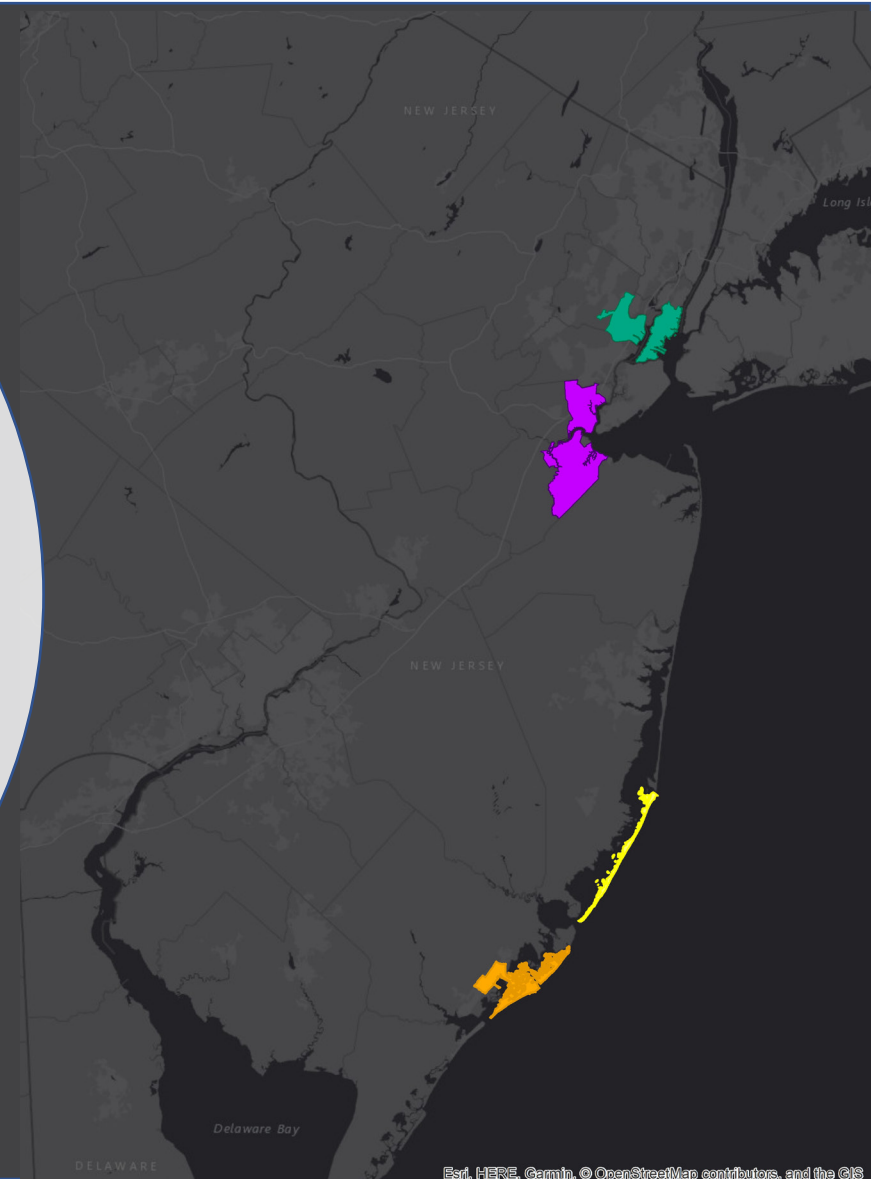
Resilient NJ



State of New Jersey
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Planning Regions est. 2018

- Jersey City (Prime), Bayonne, Hoboken, Newark, HOPES, Ironbound Community Corporation
- Long Beach Township (Prime), Barnegat Light, Beach Haven, Harvey Cedars, Ship Bottom, Surf City, Long Beach Island Community Center
- Middlesex County (Prime), Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Sayreville, South River, Old Bridge, Lower-Raritan Water Partnership
- Ventnor (Prime), Brigantine, Atlantic City, Margate, Longport, Northfield, Pleasantville, Atlantic County, American Red Cross

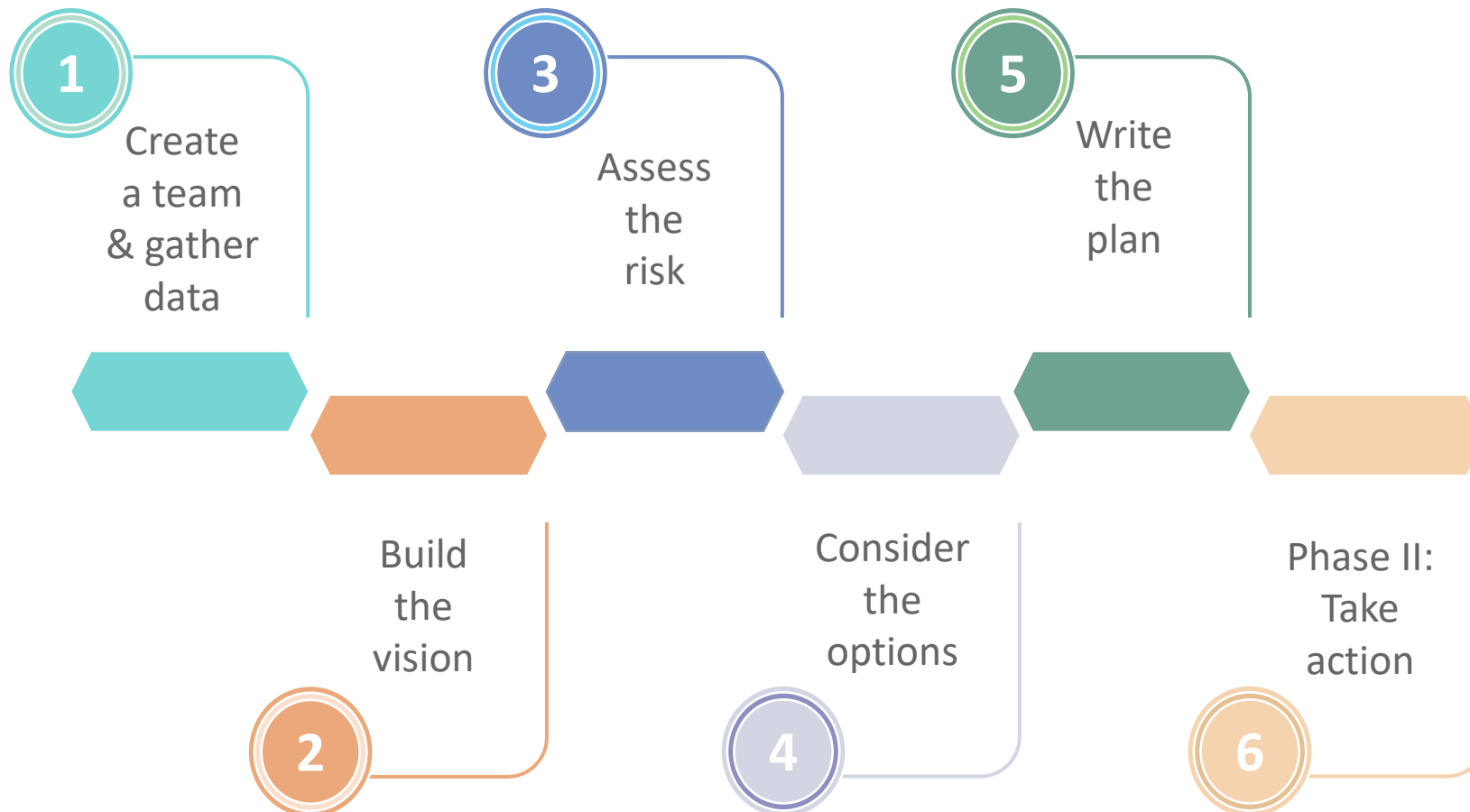


Resilient NJ



State of New Jersey
Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Climate Resilience Planning

From Planning to Action: The Process



Coastal Vulnerability Assessment

- Each region performed a vulnerability assessment to determine the risks under each flooding condition. *(fun fact:LBI was the first to do a regional CVA in 2017- OLA- which help qualify us for this RNJ/RLBI funding)*
- Assessment will include analyses of asset impacts considering **islandwide/ town specific critical facilities**, natural, cultural, housing, infrastructure, economic, health-based assets and emergency management and mobility issues.

Resilient NJ

Developing Actions

- Actions include physical and non-physical solutions, including:
 - Nature-based Solutions
 - Land Use / Zoning Changes
 - Building and Infrastructure Improvements
 - Policy Changes
- These actions may consider:
 - Vulnerable Populations
 - Existing Regional Projects
 - Repetitive Loss Properties

The plan is a roadmap of ideas that will require the reality of **feasibility & funding for implementation**

along with continued community input and raising awareness

What are resilience strategies?

- 01 Protect**
Safeguard, mitigate, manage
- 02 Adapt**
Adjust, fortify, raise
- 03 Transform**
Relocate, restrict, reimagine

What is it?



Resiliency is the capacity of social, economic and environmental systems to mitigate the impacts of climate change through *adaptation, learning* and *transformation*.

What does resilience for LBI look like?



Nature-based
Beaches/dunes
Salt marshes
Land restoration/creation

Structural
Blue-green infrastructure
Storm surge barriers
Living breakwaters

Risk-based
Floodplain policy and management
Floodproofing and impact reduction
Flood warning and preparedness

The best path forward for LBI



The best path forward for LBI is to consider a mix of resilience strategies to provide *near-term protection* from coastal flooding, mid-term adaptation to climate changes, and *long-term transformation* to a protective barrier island system.

Be Keen to
Observe-
sunny day
flooding



What resilient actions looks like: Nature based solutions mean mimicking natural systems



Photo 8: Courtesy of Dr. Josh Moody. Photo showing coir logs stabilizing sediment and supporting vegetation growth at eroded marsh



Photo 9: Courtesy of Danielle McCulloch. Photo showing oyster shell bags protecting eroded edges of spartina patches and supporting new growth at Gandys Beach, NJ.

LBT Shell Recycling (designed by Jetty Rock Foundation) for oyster reef & bay islands/ shoreline restoration . Bonus: diverting post consumer food waste from landfill



Mobility- Emergency Management and planning includes public accessibility

Expand and Enhance
Public Access for all



LBI Shuttle: increased mobility decreased congestion and reduction in air pollution
Gators get you a dune over





Infrastructure improvements- stormwater and sewer:
pipes, pumps, basins & outflow backflow preventers

NJ Bay Island Initiative (NJBII) – coalition formed to focus on the bay islands which protect our communities (njbayislands.org)

Formed in 2020 to ensure the **resilience of both the natural habitats & developed communities**

Taking a **regional & coordinated approach** to bay island assessment & restoration.

Long-term goal to manage **bay islands as a system** & pursue a **variety of habitat enhancement** & restoration projects to address multiple needs.



New Jersey Bay Islands Restoration Planner

NJBIRP: Characterize Islands & Prioritize Restoration

New Jersey Bay Islands Restoration Planner

Welcome to the beta (beta) version of the New Jersey Bay Islands Explorer – a decision-support tool for managing NJ's bay islands from Metedeunk River south to Beach Haven / Little Egg Inlet.

This tool allows the user to select (filter) islands based on restoration need (ISLAND CONDITION) and to plan an ecological restoration project (PROJECT PLANNING). [Show more](#)

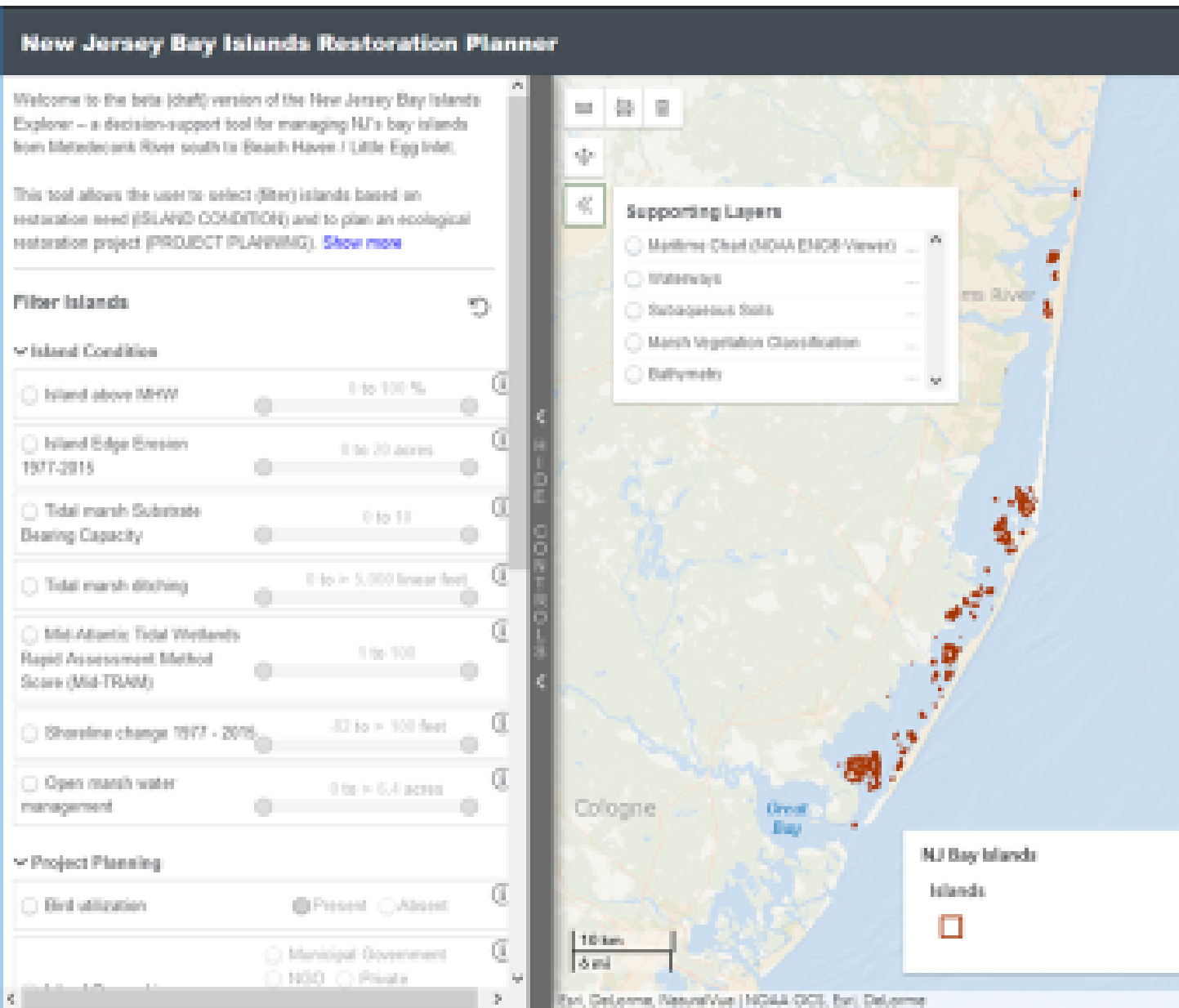
Filter Islands

Island Condition

- Island above MHW 0 to 100 %
- Island Edge Erosion 1977-2015 0 to 20 acres
- Total marsh Substrate Bearing Capacity 0 to 10
- Total marsh stitching 0 to > 5,000 linear feet
- Mid-Atlantic Total Wetlands Rapid Assessment Method Score (Mid-TRAM) 0 to 100
- Shoreline change 1977 - 2015 0 to > 100 feet
- Open marsh water management 0 to > 0.1 acres

Project Planning

- Bird utilization Present Absent
- Ownership Municipal Government NOD Private



- Current NJBIRP focus: islands within Barnegat Bay (Manasquan Inlet to Little Egg Inlet)
- Developed as a decision-support tool to prioritize island restoration for the New Jersey Bay Islands Initiative (NJBII)
- NJBII composed of federal, state, county, municipal, academic, and non-governmental partners
 - ❖ Goal to manage bay islands as a system
- NJBII selected islands could feed into CERAP tool as areas for restoration
- 2020-2021 Identified 92 subaerial islands & 13 submerged islands

prioritizing strategies to build a resilient community

Concepts to Consider:

- **Alignment with vision** of each town- Master plans, ordinances, FMP, CRS
 - **Risk Reduction capacity**- how effective is current strategy and is it equitable island wide?
 - **Cost Efficiency**- Where is the funding and how do we get it?
 - **Regional Capacity** – who will do the work- need DPW and staff training- Academic and Agency partnerships.
 - **Permitting**–*regional* resilience permitting to match the regional resilience planning? Vs individual permit for each action and site
 - **Environmental Enhancements- maintenance and monitoring**- will it work in a sustained way long term
 - **Adaptability Over Time**- as weather patterns change- what are long term strategies and trends
 - **Community Support**- homeowners associations, NGO's, local biz
 - **Stable Funding source**– Community Resilience Fund- similar to an open space trust? But with long term stewardship. Bonds.....
-
- **The Prevailing need**
 - Education Education Education
 - Outreach- to bayfront homeowners
 - Community Networking

RLBI Plan Implementation

Action:

- Protect critical infrastructure

(DPW, Beach Patrol, OCUA,
Verizon)

- Mitigate flooding in high
prone/repetitive areas

(mobility on evacuation route)



what can communities and individuals do

- Book Ends of our barrier island: ocean dunes to bay islands/marshes

everything in between

- Plan beach grass and natives
- Native plantings on private properties
- Rain Barrels and Gardens
- Improved drainage systems- pumps and flood valves
- Natural shorelines
- Bay Island restoration and increasing wetlands capacity
- Tracking sediment migration
- Weather /tides know how
- Emergency management plan for home and family





#followtheshell (Oyster Recycling Program)

@theoysterfarmers (2017 film)

www.njbayislands.org

www.njcoastalresilience.org

- 127 W. Osborn Ave
- Holgate
- @lbtfieldstation
- www.lbtfieldstation.com
- andersen@longbeachtownship.com



Scaling Resilient Natural Systems: The Site Scale

Brett Branco

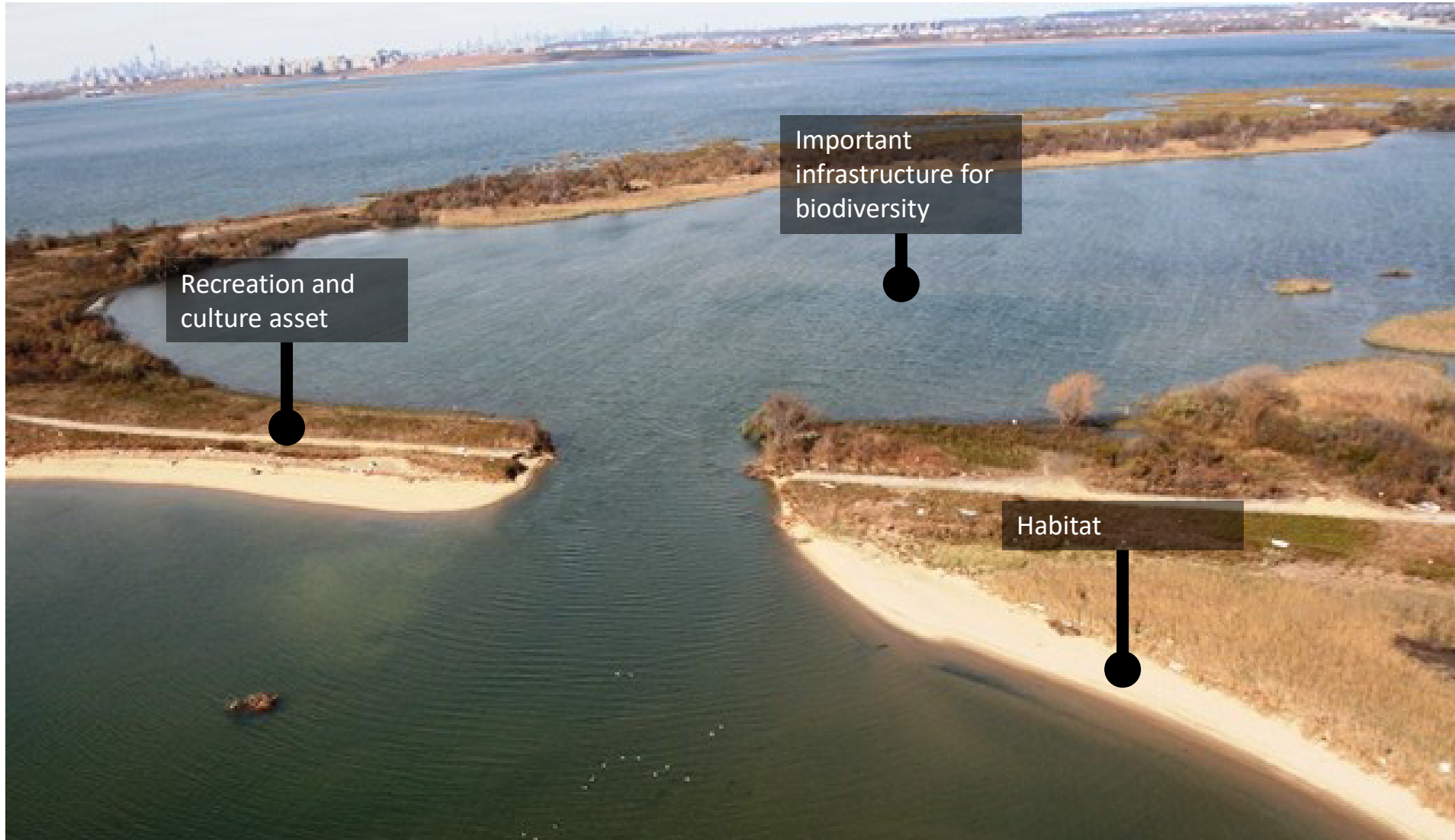
Executive Director, Science and Resilience Institute at Jamaica Bay

Earth and Environmental Sciences

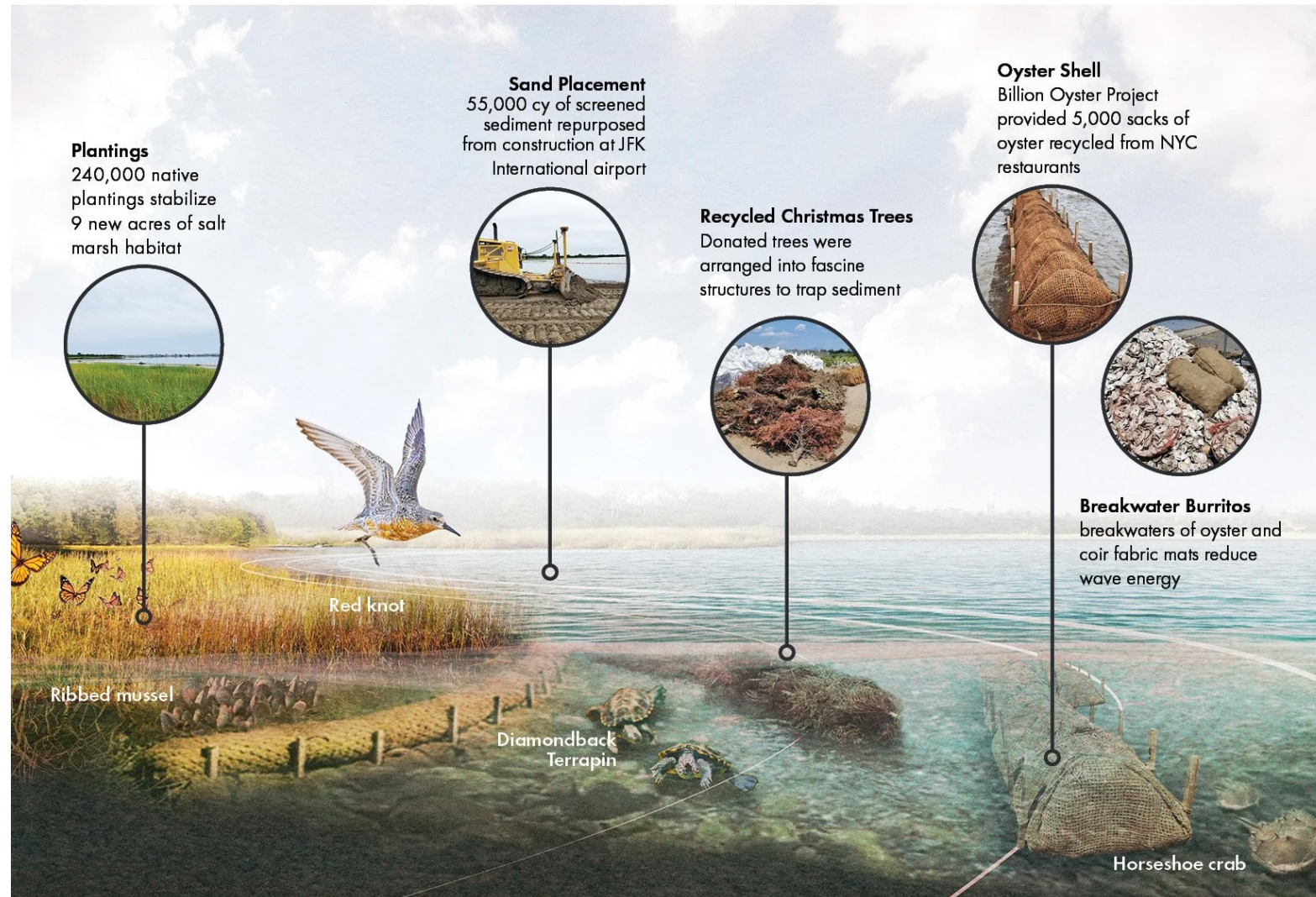
Brooklyn College and CUNY Graduate Center

2026 New Jersey Coastal and Climate Resilience Conference, March 10, 2026

West Pond Shoreline Before



West Pond Shoreline Concept



West Pond Shoreline Concept



West Pond Shoreline After



Baywide Context

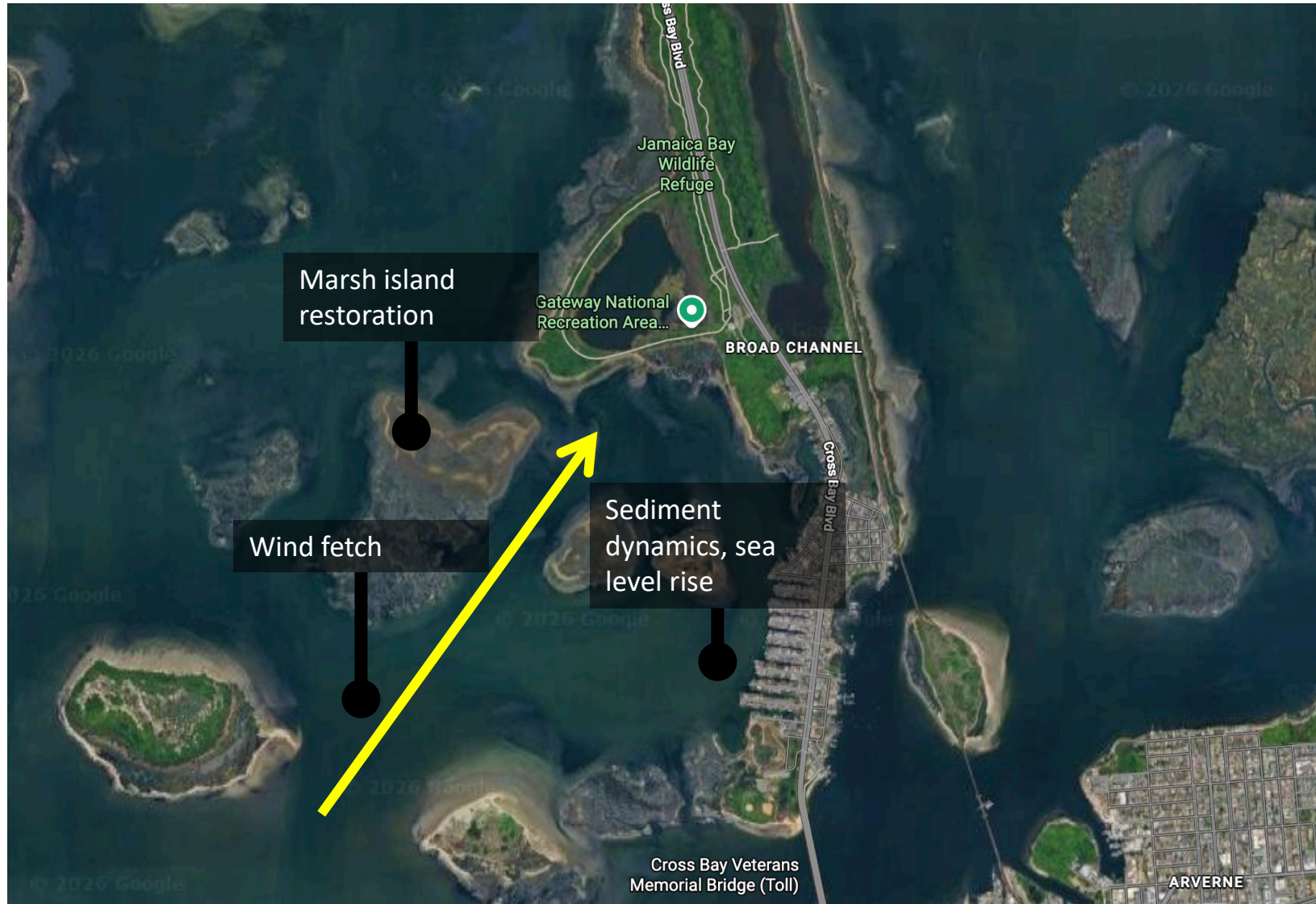
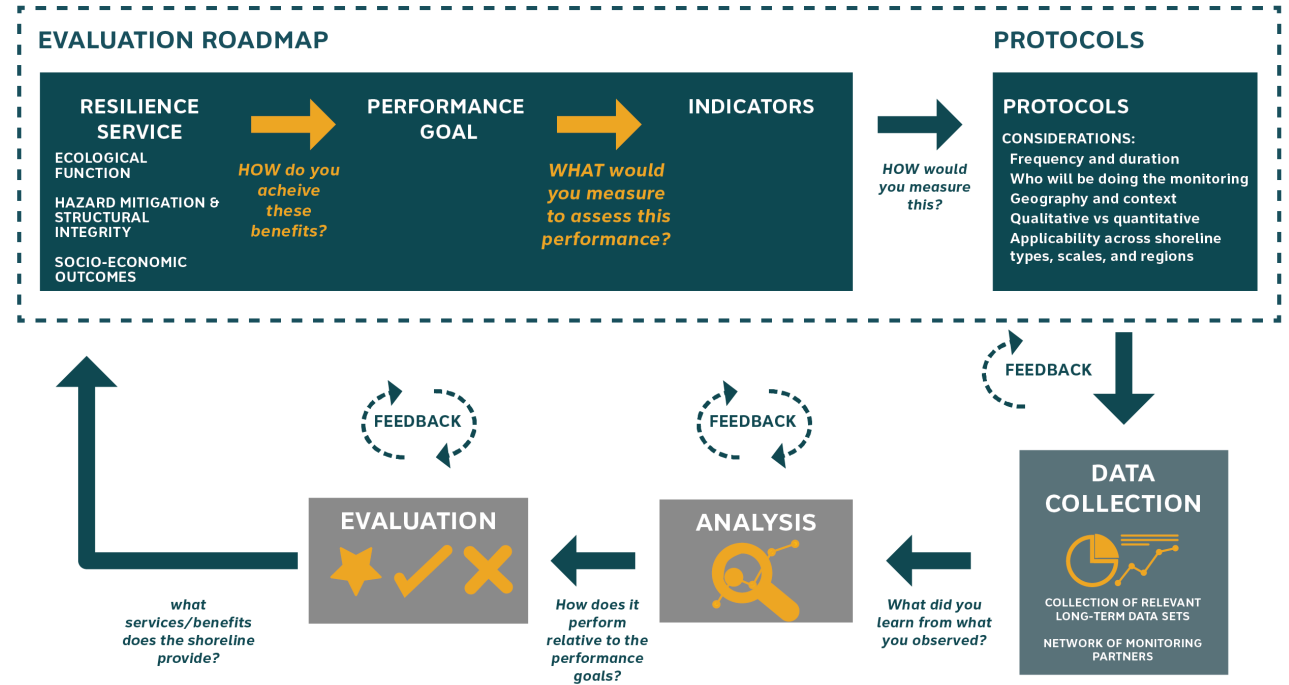


Image from Google Maps

Monitoring



MONITORING FRAMEWORK



Stewardship



Physical maintenance of site



Eyes on the ground, early warning for adaptive management

Scaling Challenges

Regional Context

- Interactions and sequencing
- Sediment movement
- Unintended interactions

Monitoring

- For what purpose?
- For how long?
- How will results be shared?
- With what resources?

Stewardship

- Who will care for the site?
- Who has the capacity and training?
- Are their resources?



Thank you

Panel Discussion



Anna Hochhalter, RLA, WEDG
Senior Landscape Architect,
Ramboll



Rob Pirani
Director,
NY-NJ Harbor & Estuary Program at
the Hudson River Foundation



Angela Andersen
Resilience Project Manager,
Long Beach Township



Brett Branco, PhD
Executive Director,
Science and Resilience Institute at
Jamaica Bay

Thank you.

Anna Hochhalter, RLA, WEDG
Senior Landscape Architect
Water Infrastructure & Climate Adaptation
NYC Metro Ramboll
ahochhalter@ramboll.com

RAMBOLL